

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com https://www.wjgnet.com

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastrointestinal Oncology

Manuscript NO: 87119

Title: Efficacy and safety of gastroscopic hemostasis in the treatment of acute gastric

hemorrhage: A meta-analysis

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 07746165 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Associate Professor, Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Germany

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-24

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-08-29 09:54

Reviewer performed review: 2023-09-10 13:24

Review time: 12 Days and 3 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Baishideng

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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Acute bleeding is a common clinical complication of Gastric cancer. Gastroscopic hemostasis is the preferred treatment for acute gastric cancer bleeding, although there is little evidence to support the use of endoscopic hemostatic treatment for acute gastric cancer bleeding. The efficacy and safety of endoscopic hemostasis in the treatment of acute gastric cancer bleeding remains highly controversial. Some doctors believe that gastroscopy increases the risk of rebleeding. So in this meta-analysis, Haiyan Pan and his colleagues systematically evaluate the efficacy and safety of gastroscopic hemostasis in the treatment of acute gastric cancer hemorrhage. They found that both the efficacy and safety of endoscopic hemostasis were increased in the treatment groups compared to treated with conventional drugs. The manuscript is a good meta-analysis. Good Introduction and materials and Methods. Discussion is well articulated according to results and the authors have clearly underlined the limitations and drawbacks of the manuscript. However, the discussion is still somewhat too brief, and it is recommended to add a discussion on the study of the mechanisms of similar diseases. Complete the References.



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 07746562

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Assistant Professor, Research Associate

Reviewer's Country/Territory: South Korea

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-08-24

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-08-28 07:26

Reviewer performed review: 2023-09-10 14:13

Review time: 13 Days and 6 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
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Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is an interesting a series of retrospective studies meta-analysis. The research ideas are clear and the work is serious. The result of the study is of interest that authors found that endoscopic hemostasis effectively controls acute gastric bleeding in gastric cancer, significantly reducing the bleeding and transfer rates, indicating a higher success rate of endoscopic hemostasis in treating patients with acute gastric bleeding in gastric cancer. Overall, this study was well conducted with good methodology and intelligible English. I suggest to accept it, but it needs to be improved in the following aspects. 1. The definitions of control group and experimental group need to be clarified in the method section of the summary, otherwise the understanding is unclear. 2. Figure 1 is not mentioned in the main text. 3. Please enrich the discussion section of the article. 4. The references referenced in the table shall be checked, and the sequence number is incorrect. For example, sheibani[17] is mentioned in the table, but the study done by Sheibani et al. in 2013 numbered 16 in the REFERENCES. Please check the full text.