

**Supplementary Table 1 Comparison of characteristics of patients with or without peripheral lymphedema**

Parameters	Lymphedema	Lymphedema	<i>P</i> value
	present, N = 52	Absent, N = 103	
Age, mean ± SD, yr	53.3±11.2	47.7±10.1	0.007
Male, n (%)	42 (81%)	77 (75%)	0.53
Etiology of cirrhosis, n (%)			0.08
Alcohol	17 (32%)	40 (38.8%)	
Hepatitis B	11 (21.1%)	12 (11.6%)	
Hepatitis C	1 (1.9%)	6 (5.8%)	
NASH	20 (38%)	36 (34.9%)	
Others	3 (5.7%)	9 (8.7%)	
MELD, scores median (range)	21 (7-42)	14 (6-42)	< 0.001
Child-Pugh score, mean ± SD	12 (8-14)	9 (7-14)	< 0.001
Diabetes mellitus, n (%)	12 (23%)	15 (14.6%)	0.261
Hypertension, n (%)	06 (11.5%)	06 (5.8%)	0.219
Obesity, n (%)	11 (21.1%)	06 (5.8%)	0.012
Chronic kidney disease, n (%)	03 (5.8%)	06 (5.8%)	1.00
Hypoproteinemia, n (%)	26 (50%)	16 (15.5%)	< 0.001
Lymphocytopenia, n (%)	38 (73%)	34 (33%)	< 0.001
Esophageal varices, n (%)			0.306
None	2 (4%)	1 (1%)	
Small grade	29 (56%)	63 (61%)	
Large grade	21 (40%)	39 (38%)	
PHG, n (%)			0.004
Mild	32 (61.5%)	86 (83.5%)	
Severe	18 (34.6%)	17 (16.5%)	
PHD, n (%)	17 (32.7%)	12 (13.6%)	0.001
Ascitic fluid triglyceride, median (range) mg/dL	25 (02-224)	18 (0-64)	0.006
Cellulitis	7 (13%)	0	< 0.001

IL on duodenal biopsy	24 (46.2%)	18 (17.5%)	< 0.001
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MELD: Model for end-stage liver disease; IL: Intestinal lymphangiectasia; NASH: Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis; PHG: Portal hypertensive gastropathy; PHD: Portal hypertensive duodenopathy.