



Estudio estadístico

Trabajo: “Eficacia de los mTORi en la nefropatía diabética e hipertensiva”

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We report means and standard deviations for parametric data and medians and quartiles for non-parametric data. Comparisons of categorical variables were made with Fisher's exact tests. Nonnormally distributed variables were compared with Mann–Whitney ranked sum tests, and normally distributed variables were analyzed with two-sided t-tests.

Linear regression was used to assess the effect of mTORi exposure on final creatinine. Final creatinine was the last creatinine while still taking mTORi or creatinine at end of follow-up. MTORi exposure was examined both as a dichotomous and a continuous variable (number of days of exposure to mTORi).

For the adjusted models, we used only those confounders which affected the point estimate by 10% or more (19). For purposes of linear regression, we first performed inverse transformation of all creatinine values. P values < 0.05 were considered significant, and two-sided tests were used. All analyses were performed using SPSS 15.0.

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