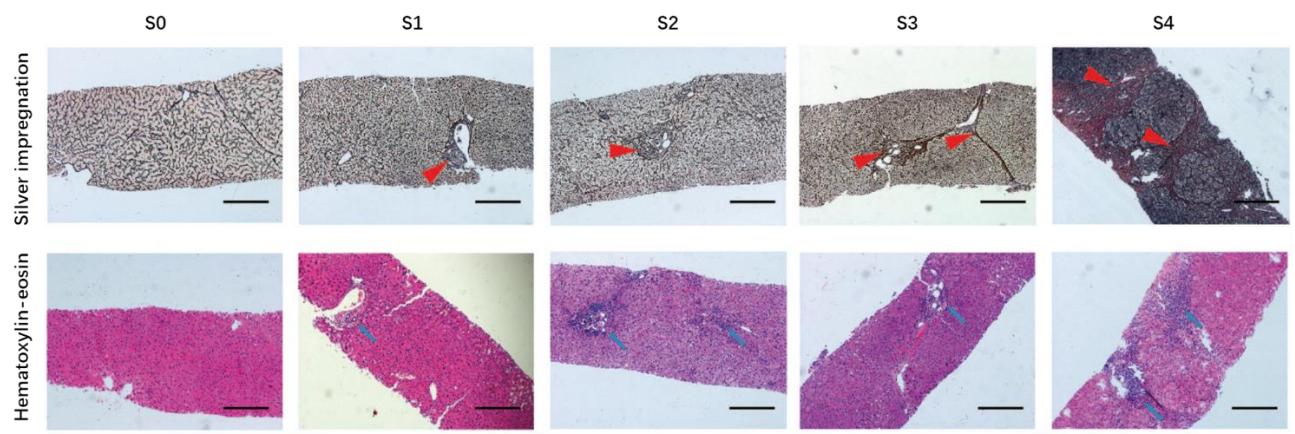


Supplementary Table 1 PCR primers (Sangon Biotech, Shanghai) for RT-qPCR

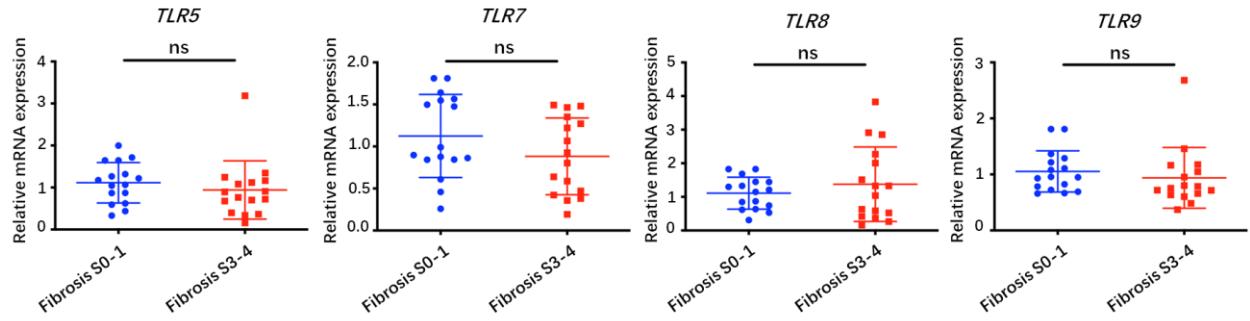
	Forward primer	Reverse primer
<i>FAP</i>	GGAAGTGCCTGTTCCAGCA ATG	TGTCTGCCAGTCTCCCTGAAG
<i>FGF1</i>	ATGGCACAGTGGATGGGAC AAG	TAAAAGCCC GTCGGTGTCCATG
<i>FGF2</i>	AGCGGCTGTACTGCAAAAAA CGG	CCTTGATAGACACAACTCCTC TC
<i>FGF7</i>	CTGTCGAACACAGTGGTACC TG	CCA ACTGCCACTGTCCTGATTTC
<i>COL1A1</i>	GATTCCCTGGACCTAAAGGT GC	AGCCTCTCCATCTTGCCAGCA
<i>TGF-β1</i>	TACCTGAACCCGTGTTGCTC TC	GTTGCTGAGGTATGCCAGGAA
<i>PDGF</i>	GAGATGCTGAGTGACCACT CGA	GTCATGTT CAGGTCCA ACTCGG
<i>TIMP1</i>	GGAGAGTGTCTGCGGATACT TC	GCAGGTAGTGATGTGCAAGAGT C
<i>EGF</i>	TGCGATGCCAACGAGTCTGT GA	GCATAGCCCAATCTGAGAACCA C
<i>CTGF</i>	CTT GCGAAGCTGACCTGGA AGA	CCGTCGGTACATACTCCACAGA
<i>IL-1β</i>	CCACAGACCTTCCAGGAGA ATG	GTGCAGTT CAGTGATCGTACAG G
<i>TNF-α</i>	CTCTTCTGCCTGCTGCAC TTT G	ATGGGCTACAGGCTTGTCACTC
<i>IL6</i>	AGACAGCCACTCACCTCTTC AG	TTCTGCCAGTGCCTCTTGCTG
<i>α-SMA</i>	CTATGCCTCTGGACGCACAA CT	CAGATCCAGACGCATGATGGC A

<i>CCL3</i>	ACTTGAGACGAGCAGCCA GTG	TTTCTGGACCCACTCCTCACTG
<i>NLRP3</i>	CA	TCCTGAGTCTCCCAAGGCATT
<i>TLR4</i>	CCCTGAGGCATTTAGGCAGC TA	AGGTAGAGAGGTGGCTTAGGCT
<i>TLR5</i>	CCTTACAGCGAACCTCATCC AC	TCCACTACAGGAGGAGAAGCG A
<i>TLR7</i>	CTTTGGACCTCAGCCACAAC CA	CGCAACTGGAAGGCATCTGTA G
<i>TLR8</i>	ACTCCAGCAGTTCCCTCGTC TC	AAAGCCAGAGGGTAGGTGGGA A
<i>TLR9</i>	TGAGCCACAACTGCATCTCG CA	CAGTCGTGGTAGCTCCGTGAAT
<i>GAPDH</i>	GTCTCCTCTGACTTCAACAG CG	ACCACCTGTTGCTGTAGCCAA

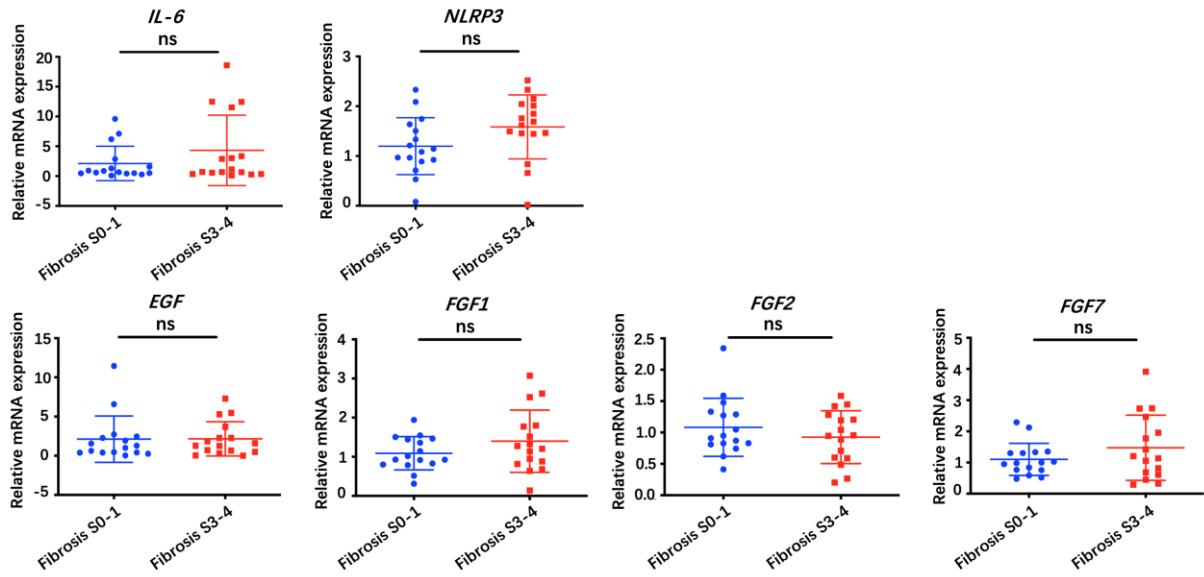
FAP: Fibroblast activation protein; FGF: Fibroblast growth factor ; COL1A1: Collagen type 1 alpha 1 chain; TGF- β 1: Transforming growth factor β 1; PDGF: Platelet-derived growth factor; TIMP1: Tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases 1; EGF: Epidermal growth factor; CTGF: Connective tissue growth factor; IL-1 β : Interleukin 1 β ; TNF- α : Tumor necrosis factor alpha; IL6: Interleukin 6; α -SMA: Alpha-smooth muscle actin; CCL3: C-C motif chemokine ligand 3; NLRP3: Nod-like receptor protein 3; TLR: Toll-like receptor; GAPDH: Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase.



Supplementary Figure 1 Silver impregnation and hematoxylin-eosin staining of hepatitis B virus patient liver samples. Representative silver impregnation staining (upper panels) and hematoxylin-eosin staining (lower panels) figures with different degrees of fibrosis. Dark staining as the red arrowheads point to are the fibrosis area. Blue infiltrates as the blue arrows point to are the infiltrated immune cells indicating inflammation degree. Scale bar = 100 μ m.



Supplementary Figure 2 Expression of toll-like receptors in the hepatitis B virus patient liver samples. qPCR of toll-like receptors in hepatitis B virus patients with advanced fibrosis (S3-4) in comparison with patients with less fibrosis (S0-1). Values presented are expressed as the means \pm SE; Statistical comparisons were Mann-Whitney-Wilcoxon test; $P < 0.05$ was considered significant; ns: Non-significant. TLR: toll-like receptor.



Supplementary Figure 3 Profiling of growth factors and inflammatory factors in the hepatitis B virus patient liver samples. A: qPCR of inflammatory factors and B: Growth factors in HBV patients with advanced fibrosis (S3-4) in comparison with patients with less fibrosis (S0-1). Values presented are expressed as the means \pm SE; Statistical comparisons were Mann–Whitney–Wilcoxon test; $P < 0.05$ was considered significant; ns: Non-significant. IL6: interleukin 6; NLRP3: nod-like receptor protein 3; EGF: epidermal growth factor; FGF: fibroblast growth factor.