

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Ms:** 3517

**Title:** The favorable effect of modest alcohol consumption to fatty liver disease.

**Reviewer code:** 00036318

**Science editor:** Song, Xiu-Xia

**Date sent for review:** 2013-05-06 13:49

**Date reviewed:** 2013-05-15 14:25

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a concise response to a letter to the Editor. It is well-balanced and to the point.

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Ms:** 3517

**Title:** The favorable effect of modest alcohol consumption to fatty liver disease.

**Reviewer code:** 00007076

**Science editor:** Song, Xiu-Xia

**Date sent for review:** 2013-05-06 13:49

**Date reviewed:** 2013-05-27 21:28

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This letter to the edito may be accepted as it stands.

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Ms:** 3517

**Title:** The favorable effect of modest alcohol consumption to fatty liver disease.

**Reviewer code:** 00504152

**Science editor:** Song, Xiu-Xia

**Date sent for review:** 2013-05-06 13:49

**Date reviewed:** 2013-05-29 16:57

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This reply author by Hamaguchi et al explains the several raised questions by Feng et al concerning the manuscript entitled Protective effect of alcohol consumption for fatty liver disease but not metabolic syndrome (World J Gastroenterol 2012;18: 156-167 [PMID: 22253522 DOI: 10.3748/wjg.v18.i2.156]).

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Ms:** 3517

**Title:** The favorable effect of modest alcohol consumption to fatty liver disease.

**Reviewer code:** 00006552

**Science editor:** Song, Xiu-Xia

**Date sent for review:** 2013-05-06 13:49

**Date reviewed:** 2013-06-06 15:23

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is reasonable and concise discussion regarding to the questions raised by Feng et al.

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Ms:** 3517

**Title:** The favorable effect of modest alcohol consumption to fatty liver disease.

**Reviewer code:** 02444760

**Science editor:** Song, Xiu-Xia

**Date sent for review:** 2013-05-06 13:49

**Date reviewed:** 2013-06-07 23:03

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Modest alcohol consumption has been well established to protect against components of metabolic syndrome, including insulin resistance and diabetes. Recent researches, one of those is reported in the manuscript entitled Protective effect of alcohol consumption for fatty liver disease but not metabolic syndrome, show novel evidences that light to moderate alcohol consumption is favorable to another component of metabolic syndrome, nonalcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD). In brief, light drinkers of both genders demonstrate the reduced prevalence, and maybe odds ratio (OR), of NAFLD. Although some confounding factors (e.g. soft drink consumption) still remain to be excluded, these findings have added a new level to our knowledge about NAFLD. Author reply to the letter has provided comprehensive information, mainly experimental design and statistical process, about the association of alcohol consumption and NAFLD. It is worthy of publication, I suggest, in the item of Comments and Responses.