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## ESPS PEER REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastrointestinal Pathophysiology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 11495

**Title:** Alterations of the gut microbiome and metabolome in the development of alcoholic liver disease

**Reviewer code:** 02462691

**Science editor:** Ling-Ling Wen

**Date sent for review:** 2014-05-24 22:57

**Date reviewed:** 2014-05-27 05:31

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

### COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a comprehensive review on the role of gut microbiota in alcoholic liver disease (ALD). Modulation of gut microbiome in ALD is a potential approach and as the authors pointed out, it has been studied for decades, however even though some results have been positive, the actual beneficial clinical effects have not been confirmed. There is an emerging interests in profiling of metabolites in ALD and this may pave the way to better understand the complex interactions between the gut microbiota and the liver. Since this is relatively new, maybe the authors can provide some further details on the approach they have used. A table to summarize recent studies that have looked into this area is much appreciated. Rather than a brief mention in the conclusion, I would suggest that authors have another section that describe the potential application of metabolic profiling.



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**Title:** Alterations of the gut microbiome and metabolome in the development of alcoholic liver disease

**Reviewer code:** 02458583

**Science editor:** Ling-Ling Wen

**Date sent for review:** 2014-05-24 22:57

**Date reviewed:** 2014-06-05 13:59

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
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<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

**COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

It is an interesting review! minor comments: 1- In the abstract "These adverse effects ultimately manifest a broad change of gastrointestinal luminal metabolites such as bile acids, short chain fatty acids, and branched chain amino acids." needs to be edited. It is difficult to understand. 2- Why does metronidazole increase anaerobes (reference 19)? 3- "In our study, we found that the hepatic bile salt taurine to glycine ratio was 30:1 in control rats, while the ratio was equivalent in alcohol-treated rats. " what "equivalent" means here? 4- "The possible links between the host, gut microbiota, and gut metabolome will be addressed as well." Do the authors mean in this review? This should be reworded. 5- Wherever the results of reference 68 & 69 is reported, those studies should be cited. 6- Based on metabolomics, was there any change in choline and its metabolites (TMA and TMAO)?