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Flat C, 23/F., Lucky Plaza,
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ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Clinical Pediatrics

ESPS Manuscript NO: 6410

Title: Recurrent headache may be caused by cerebral toxoplasmosis

Reviewer code: 00742111

Science editor: Cui, Xue-Mei

Date sent for review: 2013-10-18 14:02

Date reviewed: 2013-10-22 05:20

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This article presents a different view for headaches.



ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Clinical Pediatrics

ESPS Manuscript NO: 6410

Title: Recurrent headache may be caused by cerebral toxoplasmosis

Reviewer code: 00646242

Science editor: Cui, Xue-Mei

Date sent for review: 2013-10-18 14:02

Date reviewed: 2013-11-25 17:41

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Prandota and colleagues are reporting about an analysis of 178 patients admitted to the neurologyservice. Out of this cohort 19 patients were tested positive for TG infection. The manuscript needs major language revisions. TG infection and the neurological symptoms appear to be correlated. However, the authors did not rule out that TG infection and the neurological symptoms are just confounders! What what the consequence of the positive tests. Did it have impact on the treatment of these patients? What was the outcome? Otherwise this work is only of descriptive character and does not add any new information. The conclusion is just wrong. The results do not allow such a conclusion. There are way too many references, they should be reduced to 50%.