

## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**Manuscript NO:** 59115

**Title:** Long non-coding ribonucleic acid W5 inhibits progression and predicts favorable prognosis in hepatocellular carcinoma

**Reviewer's code:** 05261716

**Position:** Peer Reviewer

**Academic degree:** PhD

**Professional title:** Professor

**Reviewer's Country/Territory:** China

**Author's Country/Territory:** China

**Manuscript submission date:** 2020-08-25

**Reviewer chosen by:** AI Technique

**Reviewer accepted review:** 2020-08-25 23:29

**Reviewer performed review:** 2020-08-26 09:49

**Review time:** 10 Hours

<b>Scientific quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
<b>Language quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
<b>Conclusion</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<b>Re-review</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Peer-reviewer statements</b>	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

## **SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

In this study, the authors investigate the role of Long non- coding RNA W5 in progression and predicting value of it in prognosis in hepatocellular carcinoma in vitro and in vivo. Mechanistically, they showed that the expression of lncRNA W5 was considerably reduced in HCC tissues, which suppressed proliferation, migration and invasion of tumor cells in vitro. The study also showed that low expression of lncRNA W5 correlated tumor progression and poor prognosis. Furthermore, manipulations of lncRNA W5 expression impacted on HCC biological behaviors. The results are interesting and add valuable knowledge to HCC. I would suggest it publish in WJG if the authors can address the following concerns. 1. The manuscript needs to be carefully checked and rewritten, several grammar mistakes need to be corrected. For example: "Weitonglihua Company" in page 6 should be corrected as "Vital River". Fig 1: 'Normol', should be replaced by Normal. 2. The affiliation should be consistent in manuscript. "302 Hospital" should be placed or noted by "The Fifth Medical Center of Chinese PLA General Hospital". 3. The figure should be re-arranged. The words in the figure are written in different sizes and several seemed to be in "blod font". 4. The authors described that "Levels of lncRNA W5 expression were relatively stable lower in Huh7 and LM3 among six HCC cell lines". But figure 1 showed that lncRNA W5 expression in Huh7 was relatively higher than in four cell lines. So the authors should confirm this. 5. I suggested the authors should use Cox survival analysis to further confirm the prognostic value of W5 for HCC.