



BAISHIDENG PUBLISHING GROUP INC

8226 Regency Drive, Pleasanton, CA 94588, USA

Telephone: +1-925-223-8242

Fax: +1-925-223-8243

E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

http://www.wjgnet.com

ESPS PEER REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Urology

ESPS manuscript NO: 10955

Title: Vitamin C supplementation in patients on maintenance dialysis

Reviewer code: 00503339

Science editor: Ling-Ling Wen

Date sent for review: 2014-04-28 22:28

Date reviewed: 2014-04-29 01:47

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript well accomplishes what it set out to do. In clear terms, a perspective on the importance of including Vitamin C balance in assessment of a hemodialysis regimen is explored and advocated. Especially valuable is the review of prior efforts to discover Vitamin C deficiency and correct it with supplemental vitamin C as a component of comprehensive dialysis care.



BAISHIDENG PUBLISHING GROUP INC

8226 Regency Drive, Pleasanton, CA 94588, USA

Telephone: +1-925-223-8242

Fax: +1-925-223-8243

E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

http://www.wjgnet.com

ESPS PEER REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Urology

ESPS manuscript NO: 10955

Title: Vitamin C supplementation in patients on maintenance dialysis

Reviewer code: 02874819

Science editor: Ling-Ling Wen

Date sent for review: 2014-04-28 22:28

Date reviewed: 2014-05-11 14:15

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This study appears to be very useful in clinical practice, especially considering the high rate of deficiency of vitamin C in maintenance hemodialysis. In addition, the deficiency of Vitamin C seems relevant in the maintenance of oxidative stress and inflammation, these are important cardiovascular risk factors in ESRD. There is no specific reference to the dosage of Vit C, what is the method used and can be performed routinely in dialysis wards or is too expensive. It is not clear the link between vitamin C deficiency and secondary hyperparathyroidism. Are there studies in which the deficiency of vitamin C correlates with hyperparathyroidism or with vitamin D deficiency? The removal of vit C during a dialysis session is different in the various methods of dialysis? (standard HD, AFB, HDF, HDF on line etc.), it should be specified in the text. In the text authors should conclude more clearly, giving their opinion on the use and the dosage of vitamin C in clinical practice, of course suggesting randomized controlled clinical trials.