

Reviewers 1

This is an interesting study about the ultrasound characteristics between hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm and HCC, among different sources and malignant degrees of hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm. In this study, 55 patients with hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm were included, and the characteristic differences of B-mode ultrasound and CEUS between hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm and HCC, among different sources and malignant degrees of hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm were compared. The authors found that The proportions of non-uniform echo and peripheral acoustic halo were lower than those in the HCC group, but the characteristics of B-ultrasound and CEUS among different sources of hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm were similar, and the differences were not statistically significant. The conclusion is reasonable. The data in tables are very detail and the figures are clear. The results are well discussed. However, the data about the followup is not listed or discussed. Are any data about the followup? The limit of the study is discussed, the further research plans to conduct a multi-center study to collect detailed data from hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm patients are expected. Some minor language polishing should be revised.

Response: Dear reviewer, thanks for your reviewing and supporting. The aim of this study is to analyze the ultrasound characteristics between hNEN and HCC, among different sources and malignant degrees of hNEN. It's a observational study, hence the followup is not designed in this study.

Reviewers 2

This study is very interesting. The study is well designed and the results are interesting. I have no special comments. Only some minor language polishing is required

Response: Thanks for your reviewing and supporting.

Reviewer 3

In this study, Kang et al analyzed the ultrasound characteristics between hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm and hepatocellular carcinoma, among different sources and malignant degrees of hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm. The study is well designed and the method is in detail. The two suggestions about the ultrasound examination (1 Intrahepatic lesions are multiple, uniform and high echo, and without peripheral acoustic halo and 2 In the CEUS performance of intrahepatic lesions, the uniform high enhancement at arterial phase was found, and the washout is rapid. The diagnosis of hepatic neuroendocrine neoplasm need to be considered) are meaningful to the clinicians. Tables and figures should moved to the end of the manuscript according to the journal's style, and an editing of language is required.

Response: Dear reviewer, thanks for your reviewing and supporting. The manuscript has been revised according to your comments and the language has been corrected.