

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastrointestinal Pathophysiology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 29790

**Title:** Non-alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease and Cardiovascular Risk

**Reviewer's code:** 00069297

**Reviewer's country:** China

**Science editor:** Xue-Mei Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-08-31 08:54

**Date reviewed:** 2016-11-10 15:07

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This excellent invited review article written by Dr. Gagan K Sood et al. as perfectly gone through the current knowledge of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease and its association with cardiovascular risk. They also summarized the recent developments in the management of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. I thoroughly enjoyed reading this manuscript because they discussed the risk stratification scores and also the possibility of improved treatment in the future. The manuscript comprehensively discussed key articles addressed on this issue and well organized them. It should be of large interest for the readers.

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastrointestinal Pathophysiology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 29790

**Title:** Non-alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease and Cardiovascular Risk

**Reviewer's code:** 03211792

**Reviewer's country:** China

**Science editor:** Xue-Mei Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-08-31 08:54

**Date reviewed:** 2016-11-26 18:00

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The article is about the association of NAFLD with cardiovascular disease and related mechanisms. However, the mechanisms need to be discussed more deeply. The risk assessment of patients with NAFLD for cardiovascular diseases is proper.