

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 33169

Title: Liver injury in treated inflammatory bowel disease patients: 1 year prospective single center study of prevalence, severity and implications for further management.

Reviewer's code: 00039518

Reviewer's country: Italy

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2017-02-20

Date reviewed: 2017-03-05

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The paper "Liver injury in treated inflammatory bowel disease patients: 1 year prospective single center study of prevalence, severity and implications for further management" is well written and provides new insights about DILI occurrence and features in IBD patients. Both abstract and core tip are lacking in the paper PDF! Following the editorial rules of WJG the paragraph background and aims should be rewritten as Introduction paragraph Patients and Methods The Authors claim that all patients underwent ALT serum level evaluation before the enrollment in the study. Were all these ALT serum levels within normal values? This is fundamental to assess the true incidence of ALT abnormal value during the observation period Results Was there any difference in the occurrence of DILI between patients with CD and patients with ulcerative colitis? Considering that both CD and UC were not risk factors for the occurrence of DILI the answer is probabli no but this should be specifiedi the text Steatosis was a risk factor for DILI and this is not surprising. Did the Authors observe a

relationship between the severity of liver steatosis assessed on ultrasound and the occurrence of DILI? Were all the patients HBsAg and anti-HCV negative? This is not clear although the Authors claim that HBsAg and anti-HCV were assessed before any IBD treatment. Furthermore, are there any data about the eventual previous clinical history of liver injury in the study group, about the occurrence of viral hepatotropic infection/reactivation of cytomegalovirus, Epstein Barr virus and Herpes virus, about alcohol consumption and about intake of other drugs in patients with DILI? If these data are not available, this should be reported among the limits of the study.

Discussion The Discussion is too much long and should be shortened

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Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 33169

Title: Liver injury in treated inflammatory bowel disease patients: 1 year prospective single center study of prevalence, severity and implications for further management.

Reviewer's code: 00051081

Reviewer's country: Turkey

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2017-02-20

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CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
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<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
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		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors have performed a prospective study investigating the DILI in IBD patients. Although the results are projectable, presentation of real life experience is well performed. Minor points are: 1- Abstract should be revised according to the author guidelines and it should present the study findings in a concise manner 2- The title should be revised to stress the DILI in IBD.