

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases

ESPS manuscript NO: 21426

Title: New biomarkers for clinical management of hepatitis C virus infected patients

Reviewer's code: 00004157

Reviewer's country: Italy

Science editor: Fang-Fang Ji

Date sent for review: 2015-07-15 09:22

Date reviewed: 2015-07-15 14:17

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this well-written and up to date editorial Biasiolo et al evaluated novel biomarkers that may be useful for the clinical management of HCV infected patients. I have a few comments that hope may be useful to further improve the manuscript: - the title should reflect more closely that the manuscript is focused on the risk of progression to fibrosis and HCC - concerning genetic markers, independent recent meta-analyses have confirmed that PNPLA3 I148M variant is an independent risk factor for liver disease progression and HCC development in CHC -it would be worth comment on which markers may be useful in the new scenario where patients with advanced CHC are cured from the infection and should be screened for complications

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases

ESPS manuscript NO: 21426

Title: New biomarkers for clinical management of hepatitis C virus infected patients

Reviewer's code: 00068250

Reviewer's country: China

Science editor: Fang-Fang Ji

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Date reviewed: 2015-07-26 15:59

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This article is about new biomarkers for the management of HCV infected patients. The following suggestions are for its improvement. 1 The authors are suggested to introduce these biomarkers in more detail or design a table to compare the features of these markers. 2 Hepatitis viruses are different geographically. For example, in the western world HCV is dominant while in Asia except Japan HBV is dominant. And in Egypt and most part of Africa, co-infection by HCV and HBV is common. 3 More importantly, when the biomarkers are detected in a patient, the following management must be recommended. 4 Typo and grammatical errors exist.