

# Gastrointestinal Bleeding: A Paper of the Italian Society of Pediatric Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO.: 30197

We thank the reviewers for their thorough and insightful feedback, and we believe that their comments greatly strengthened the paper. Outlined below is each reviewer comment (in bold) and the corresponding revisions.

Editorial Comments:

- 1) Please provide language certificate letter by professional English language editing companies (Classification of manuscript language quality evaluation is B).**

R: We have provided language certificate letter by professional English language editing companies

- 2) In order to attract readers to read your full-text article, we request that the author make an audio file describing your final core tip, it is necessary for final acceptance. Please refer to Instruction to authors on our website or attached Format for detailed information.**

R: We have provided to do Audio Core Tip

- 3) Please reformat all the reference numbers (superscript with square brackets). Please check throughout. Normal line space is required. Thank you!**

R: We have reformatted all the reference numbers as the indications and arranged normal line space is done in the text

- 4) We have changed title of the manuscript, after the edited document, in: "Pediatric gastrointestinal bleeding: Perspectives form the Italian Society of Pediatric Gastroenterology"**

- 5) In the revised text there are several modifications after language polishing by editing service**

Referee: 1

Some sentences in manuscript seem unmeaning, highlighted them and sent for you:

- 1) page 6: In children portal hypertension due to prehepatic causes are common and specially in infants are more common than liver disease as a cause for varices.**

R: The sentence was changed in: "Varices are abnormal distended veins, most frequently occurring in the esophagus (esophageal varices) and less frequently in the stomach (gastric varices) or other sites (ectopic varices), and usually occurring as a consequence of liver disease".

**2) page 8: This sentence is unmeaning: "When the infant's blood contain more than 60% of fetal haemoglobin is maternal origin"**

R: The sentence has been removed from the text.

**3) page 8: This sentence is unmeaning: "leading causes of no hemorrhagic bleeding in children."**

R: The sentence was changed in: "are the main causes in pediatric population".

**4) page 10: It is better to say: "early infants or "infants lower than 3 month of age**

R: The sentence was modified in: "Parenteral vitamin K (1-2 mg/dose) should be administered empirically to infants, even when results of coagulation are pending"

**5) page 16: This period was changed as follow:**

R: "In children, persistent or recurrent iron-deficiency anemia could be considered as a sign of OGIB, for which VCE is the first-line endoscopic investigation"