

**Dear Editors and Reviewers:**

Thank you for your letter and for the reviewers' comments concerning our manuscript entitled "Duplication of 19q (13.2–13.31) Associated with Comitant Esotropia: a case report" (ID: 60537). Those comments are all valuable and very helpful for revising and improving our paper. We have studied comments carefully and have made correction which we hope meet with approval. The responds to the reviewer's comments are as flowing:

**Reviewer #1:**

Scientific Quality: Grade A (Excellent)

Language Quality: Grade B (Minor language polishing)

Conclusion: Accept (High priority)

Specific Comments to Authors: 1. Give the readers why the authors referred to karyotyping and genetic test in this patient. Is it a routine in their practice of esotropia? 2. Give the readers the background information from Chinese database on copy number variation in this gene locus and others.

**Response:**

1. In our daily diagnosis of strabismus, chromosome analysis does not require routine examination, but for some systemic symptoms, such as growth and mental retardation, we recommend karyotyping and genetic test, which is only for a small number of children.
2. The pure duplication of the long arm of chromosome 19 is a rare abnormality. There are few reports about this locus in Chinese databases, however, a similar case was reported in Korea in 2017, which is the first case in Asia.

**Reviewer #2:**

Scientific Quality: Grade C (Good)

Language Quality: Grade B (Minor language polishing)

Conclusion: Minor revision

Specific Comments to Authors: It is a good case report, but I don't know if it is a rare case

**Response:**

We thank the reviewer for careful readings and valuable comments. The pure duplication of the long arm of chromosome 19 is a rare abnormality. Only 8 patients with partial trisomy of the long arm of chromosome 19q have been reported until today. This is a truly rare case.