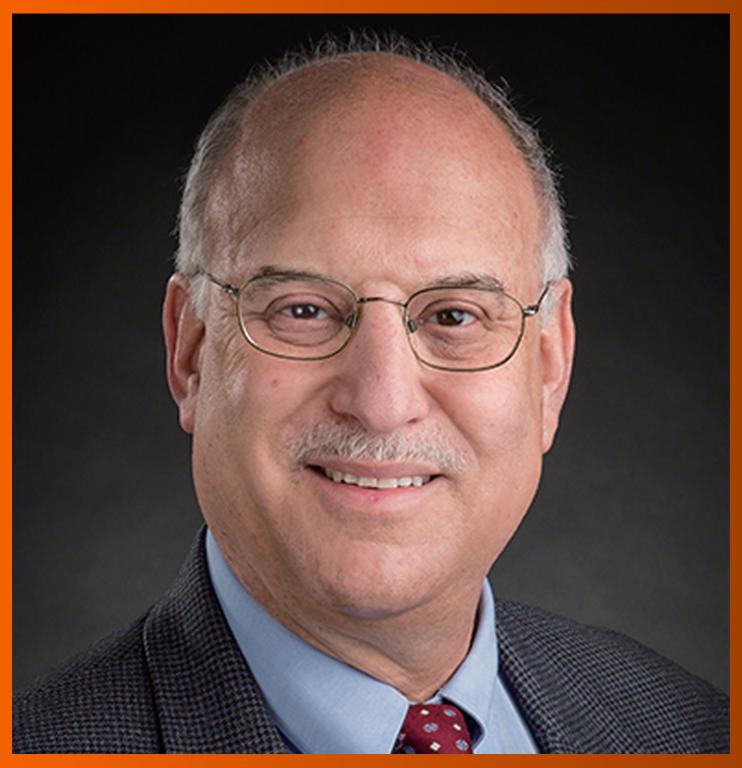
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WJCC mainly publishes articles reporting research results and findings obtained in the field of clinical medicine and covering a wide range of topics, including case control studies, retrospective cohort studies, retrospective studies, clinical trials studies, observational studies, prospective studies, randomized controlled trials, randomized clinical trials, systematic reviews, meta-analysis, and case reports.

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CASE REPORT

# Clinical outcomes of robotic-assisted and manual total hip arthroplasty in the same patient: A case report

Tian-Ye Hu, Dao-Chao Lin, Yi-Jun Zhou, Zhi-Wu Zhang, Jia-Jun Yuan

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## Abstract

#### BACKGROUND

Total hip arthroplasty (THA) is an effective treatment for advanced osteonecrosis of the femoral head, which can significantly relieve pain and improve patients' quality of life. Robotic-assisted THA enhances the accuracy and stability of THA surgery and achieves better clinical outcomes than manual THA.

#### CASE SUMMARY

We report the clinical outcomes of robotic-assisted THA and manual THA in the same patient with osteonecrosis of the femoral head. A 49-year-old male patient attended our hospital due to more than 3 years of pain in both hip joints. The left hip was treated with robotic-assisted THA. The patient underwent manual THA of the right hip 3 mo after robotic-assisted THA. We obtained postoperative radiograph parameters, Harris hip score and forgotten joint score of the patient 1 year after surgery.

#### CONCLUSION

Compared with manual THA, the patient's left hip felt better 1 year after roboticassisted THA. Robotic-assisted THA resulted in a better Harris hip score and forgotten joint score than manual THA in the same patient with osteonecrosis of the femoral head.

Key Words: Total hip arthroplasty; Robotic-assisted; Osteonecrosis of the femoral head; Case report

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**Core Tip:** Osteonecrosis of the femoral head is a common disease. Total hip arthroplasty (THA) is an effective treatment for advanced osteonecrosis of the femoral head. Robotic-assisted THA has been shown to increase accuracy and precision during surgery. We report the clinical outcomes of robotic-assisted THA and manual THA in the same patient with osteonecrosis of the femoral head. Combined with the analysis of cases indexed in PubMed, robotic-assisted THA resulted in a better Harris hip score and forgotten joint score than manual THA, and the patient felt better 1 year after surgery.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Osteonecrosis of the femoral head is a common and intractable disease in orthopedics. Total hip arthroplasty (THA) is an effective treatment in the late stage to improve hip function[1,2]. Precise and accurate biomechanical reconstruction during THA is essential for durable long-term survival of the implant. Implant malposition can easily lead to intraoperative fractures, failure of prosthesis fixation, limited hip joint movement, and prosthesis dislocation and loosening[3-6]. The MAKO robotic systems (*e.g.*, RIO<sup>®</sup>, MAKO-Stryker, Stryker Orthopedics, Mahwah, NJ, United States) is a semi-active (haptic) robotic system and one of the most advanced orthopedic surgery robot, especially in THA. Compared with manual THA, robotic-assisted THA may lead to more accurate reconstruction of radiographic parameters, such as implant positioning, fit, center-of-rotation and leg-length discrepancy, and achieve better clinical and radiographic outcomes[7-11].

Many clinical studies have reported the excellent effect of robotic-assisted THA. However, there have been no reports on bilateral THA (manual THA on one side and robotic-assisted on the other side) in the same patient within a short period of time. We here present such a case to explore the differences in hip function between the two treatments in the same patient.

#### **CASE PRESENTATION**

#### Chief complaints

A 49-year-old male patient attended our hospital due to more than 3 years of pain in both hip joints.

#### History of present illness

The patient had persistent pain in both hip joints without inducement for more than 3 years. He had visited another hospital and was diagnosed with osteonecrosis of both femoral heads. Conservative treatments were prescribed without relief. Therefore, she visited our hospital for further treatment.

#### History of past illness

The patient was previously healthy.

#### Personal and family history

No relevant disorders were identified.

#### **Physical examination**

The patient had a stable gait, and preoperative physical examination showed no limb length discrepancy. The patient reported a mild to moderate amount of stiffness and pain in both anterior hip regions. The patient's external rotation of bilateral hip joints was limited, and more pronounced on the left.

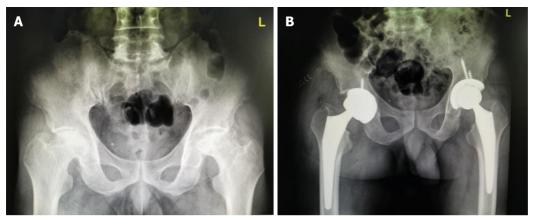
#### Laboratory examinations

Routine blood tests revealed normal blood cell contents. Prothrombin, D-dimer and partial thromboplastin time were normal. Serum C-reactive protein was normal at 1.01 mg/dL (reference range < 5 mg/dL) and interleukin-6 was 1.65 pg/mL (reference range 0-7 pg/mL). Blood biochemistry as well as urinary and fecal analysis were normal.

#### Imaging examinations

Plain radiographs (Figure 1A) revealed Association Research Circulation Osseous (ARCO) stage IV osteonecrosis of both femoral heads.

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Figure 1 Preoperative imaging findings. A: The patient's preoperative pelvic radiograph showed Association Research Circulation Osseous stage IV osteonecrosis of the femoral head in both hips; B: Postoperative follow-up of the patient's pelvic radiograph [robot-assisted total hip arthroplasty (THA) on the left; manual THA on the right].

#### **FINAL DIAGNOSIS**

Combined with the patient's medical history, the final diagnosis was ARCO stage IV osteonecrosis of both femoral heads.

#### TREATMENT

The left hip was treated with robotic-assisted THA, the surgical robot model was RIO® Robotic Arm Interactive Orthopedic System (Stryker, United States), and the operating system version was THA 3.1. The Stryker prosthesis, Trident acetabular component, X3 polyethylene liner, and Accolade II femoral stem were used. Three-dimensional (3D) computed tomography (CT) scans of the hip joint were performed preoperatively. The scan parameters were in accordance with the requirements of the MAKO system, and the CT scan results were uploaded to the Stryker Robotic Surgery Center for preoperative planning. The virtual prosthesis was implanted to produce the surgical plan (Figure 2). In the preoperative plan, the acetabular cup inclination was 42° and anteversion was 20°. The depth of acetabular reaming was the same as that for conventional manual THA, grinding inward without penetrating the inner wall, removing all acetabular cartilage, grinding the acetabulum into a hemispherical shape, and preserving the subchondral bone as much as possible. A small uniform acetabulum was seen during the operation. Oozing blood showed the "blush sign". Specific bony landmarks were calibrated. The first step was to paste electrocardiograph (ECG) electrodes on the lower end of the patella when the knee was flexed. The second step was to implant 3 bone screws on the anterior superior iliac spine on the operative side to fix and install the acetabular reference frame. In the greater trochanter of the femur, the probe was used to locate the ECG electrode and the greater trochanter screw to complete the positioning of the bony landmarks. The marker screw was implanted above the acetabulum following exposure of the acetabulum and the probe was used to locate the marker. Acetabular registration was then performed, including 3 acetabular direction determination points, 32 registration points and 8 confirmation points, and a 3D model was established according to the preoperative CT scan corresponding to the real anatomical structure of the hip joint. Acetabular grinding and installation of the acetabular components were carried out according to the plan under the guidance and restraint of the robotic arm. During the femoral side operation, the proximal femur was exposed, followed by opening, reaming and trial. During try-out, the probes were used to locate marker screws and electrodes on the proximal and distal femurs, and the MAKO system fed back data on leg length and offset. The full range of motion demonstrated stability, especially when fully extended and externally rotated 40°, flexed 90° with at least 45° internal rotation, and adducted and axially compressed with 40° of flexion. The femoral components were installed after the leg length, offset and stability tests were satisfied.

Due to hospitalization expenses, the patient underwent manual THA of the right hip 3 mo after robotic-assisted THA of the left hip.

#### OUTCOME AND FOLLOW-UP

On the first day after surgery, the patient was able to walk a few steps with crutches. Following discharge from hospital, he used crutches for 2 mo, and then changed to a single crutch or canes for 1 mo. The patient's Harris score (Table 1) and forgotten joint score (Table 2) were followed up 1 year after surgery, and the postoperative X-ray view of the pelvis is shown in Figure 1B.

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Table 1 The patient's Harris score were followed up 1 year after surgery				
	Robotic-assisted THA on the left	Manual THA on the right		
Preoperative	46	55		
Postoperative	89	82		

THA: Total hip arthroplasty.

Table 2 Forgotten joint score were followed up 1 year after surgery				
	Robotic-assisted THA on the left	Manual THA on the right		
1 yr after surgery	76	82		

#### THA: Total hip arthroplasty.

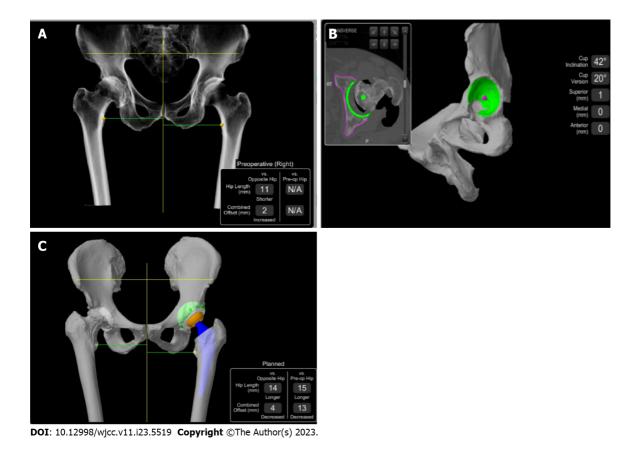


Figure 2 Preoperative computed tomography scan. A: Preoperative computed tomography parameters were uploaded to the Stryker Robotic Surgery Center for three-dimensional modeling; B: Preoperatively, the acetabular cup inclination was 42° and anteversion was 20°; C: Implantation of the prosthesis was simulated to determine the surgical plan.

#### DISCUSSION

A large number of literature has reported the accuracy advantages of robotic-assisted surgery compared to manual operations[12-15], which can achieve more accurate prosthesis anteversion angle and better limb length. However, robot surgery also has limitations. According to a report[16], the operating time of robotic-assisted surgery is significantly longer than that of manual surgery, which is related to the additional time required for parameter setting of the roboticassisted surgical system. Another study<sup>[17]</sup> reported that the learning curve of the same doctor for this operation was 14 cases. After 14 cases, the operation performance of the doctor tended to be stable.

People tend to pay more attention to the feelings of the majority, but in this era, the feelings of each individual deserve more attention. A large number of clinical studies have proved that robotic-assisted THA surgery can achieve a better prognosis. However, few studies have reported the short-term clinical efficacy of robotic-assisted THA and traditional



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manual THA in the same patient. In the present case, at the request of the patient, manual THA surgery (to reduce the cost of treatment) was performed on the right side 3 mo after the robotic-assisted surgery, and the patient was followed up in terms of the postoperative radiograph parameters, Harris hip score and forgotten joint score after surgery. Postoperative X-rays of the hip joint showed that an ideal acetabular inclination was obtained by preoperative planning of robotic-assisted THA. Previous studies have shown significant advantages of robotic-assisted THA in restoring leg length and offset. The study by Tsai et al [12] has demonstrated that robotic-assisted THA can better restore the physiological structure of the hip joint, making the leg length difference smaller and the offset closer to the physiological level. The study by Redmond et al[13] showed that robotic-assisted THA could obtain an average length difference of less than 0.5 cm, and the largest difference was less than 1 cm. In the present study, the difference in the patient's limb length discrepancy was less than 0.5 cm, which was basically the same as that reported in the previous study. This means that manual THA can also achieve a satisfactory limb length difference. In terms of clinical outcomes, in the study by Perets et al[9], robotic-assisted THA was superior in terms of functional recovery. The findings in the present case were consistent with previously reported results, the patient's Harris hip scores and forgotten joint scores were greater compared with manual THA, and no complications were observed in both hips.

#### CONCLUSION

There are few reports on the clinical effect of bilateral THA (manual THA and robotic-assisted THA) in the same patient. In our case, robotic-assisted THA resulted in a better Harris hip score and forgotten joint score than manual THA. The future surgery should be more precise and personalized, and with the help of robotic-assistance may achieve goals that cannot be reached by manual surgery. This case report provides strong clinical evidence for robotic-assisted THA.

#### FOOTNOTES

Author contributions: Hu TY designed this case report; Lin DC, Hu TY, Zhou YJ and Zhang ZW performed the surgery; Yuan JJ and Hu TY carried on statistical analysis and wrote this paper.

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