

World Journal of *Clinical Cases*

World J Clin Cases 2020 October 26; 8(20): 4688-5069



MINIREVIEWS

- 4688 Relationship between non-alcoholic fatty liver disease and coronary heart disease
Arslan U, Yenercağ M

ORIGINAL ARTICLE**Retrospective Cohort Study**

- 4700 Remission of hepatotoxicity in chronic pulmonary aspergillosis patients after lowering trough concentration of voriconazole
Teng GJ, Bai XR, Zhang L, Liu HJ, Nie XH

Retrospective Study

- 4708 Endoscopic submucosal dissection as alternative to surgery for complicated gastric heterotopic pancreas
Noh JH, Kim DH, Kim SW, Park YS, Na HK, Ahn JY, Jung KW, Lee JH, Choi KD, Song HJ, Lee GH, Jung HY
- 4719 Observation of the effects of three methods for reducing perineal swelling in children with developmental hip dislocation
Wang L, Wang N, He M, Liu H, Wang XQ
- 4726 Predictive value of serum cystatin C for risk of mortality in severe and critically ill patients with COVID-19
Li Y, Yang S, Peng D, Zhu HM, Li BY, Yang X, Sun XL, Zhang M
- 4735 Sleep quality of patients with postoperative glioma at home
Huang Y, Jiang ZJ, Deng J, Qi YJ
- 4743 Early complications of preoperative external traction fixation in the staged treatment of tibial fractures: A series of 402 cases
Yang JZ, Zhu WB, Li LB, Dong QR
- 4753 Retroperitoneal vs transperitoneal laparoscopic lithotripsy of 20-40 mm renal stones within horseshoe kidneys
Chen X, Wang Y, Gao L, Song J, Wang JY, Wang DD, Ma JX, Zhang ZQ, Bi LK, Xie DD, Yu DX
- 4763 Undifferentiated embryonal sarcoma of the liver: Clinical characteristics and outcomes
Zhang C, Jia CJ, Xu C, Sheng QJ, Dou XG, Ding Y
- 4773 Cerebral infarct secondary to traumatic internal carotid artery dissection
Wang GM, Xue H, Guo ZJ, Yu JL
- 4785 Home-based nursing for improvement of quality of life and depression in patients with postpartum depression
Zhuang CY, Lin SY, Cheng CJ, Chen XJ, Shi HL, Sun H, Zhang HY, Fu MA

Observational Study

- 4793 Cost-effectiveness of lutetium (¹⁷⁷Lu) oxodotreotide *vs* everolimus in gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors in Norway and Sweden
Palmer J, Leeuwenkamp OR
- 4807 Factors related to improved American Spinal Injury Association grade of acute traumatic spinal cord injury
Tian C, Lv Y, Li S, Wang DD, Bai Y, Zhou F, Ma QB
- 4816 Intraoperative systemic vascular resistance is associated with postoperative nausea and vomiting after laparoscopic hysterectomy
Qu MD, Zhang MY, Wang GM, Wang Z, Wang X

META-ANALYSIS

- 4826 Underwater *vs* conventional endoscopic mucosal resection in treatment of colorectal polyps: A meta-analysis
Ni DQ, Lu YP, Liu XQ, Gao LY, Huang X

CASE REPORT

- 4838 Dehydrated patient without clinically evident cause: A case report
Palladino F, Fedele MC, Casertano M, Liguori L, Esposito T, Guarino S, Miraglia del Giudice E, Marzuillo P
- 4844 Intracranial malignant solitary fibrous tumor metastasized to the chest wall: A case report and review of literature
Usuda D, Yamada S, Izumida T, Sangen R, Higashikawa T, Nakagawa K, Iguchi M, Kasamaki Y
- 4853 End-of-life home care of an interstitial pneumonia patient supported by high-flow nasal cannula therapy: A case report
Goda K, Kenzaka T, Kuriyama K, Hoshijima M, Akita H
- 4858 Rupture of carotid artery pseudoaneurysm in the modern era of definitive chemoradiation for head and neck cancer: Two case reports
Kim M, Hong JH, Park SK, Kim SJ, Lee JH, Byun J, Ko YH
- 4866 Unremitting diarrhoea in a girl diagnosed anti-N-methyl-D-aspartate-receptor encephalitis: A case report
Onpoaree N, Veeravigrom M, Sanpavat A, Suratannon N, Sintusek P
- 4876 Paliperidone palmitate-induced facial angioedema: A case report
Srifuengfung M, Sukakul T, Liangcheep C, Viravan N
- 4883 Improvement of lenvatinib-induced nephrotic syndrome after adaptation to sorafenib in thyroid cancer: A case report
Yang CH, Chen KT, Lin YS, Hsu CY, Ou YC, Tung MC
- 4895 Adult metaplastic hutch diverticulum with robotic-assisted diverticulectomy and reconstruction: A case report
Yang CH, Lin YS, Ou YC, Weng WC, Huang LH, Lu CH, Hsu CY, Tung MC

- 4902** Thrombus straddling a patent foramen ovale and pulmonary embolism: A case report
Huang YX, Chen Y, Cao Y, Qiu YG, Zheng JY, Li TC
- 4908** Therapeutic experience of an 89-year-old high-risk patient with incarcerated cholecystolithiasis: A case report and literature review
Zhang ZM, Zhang C, Liu Z, Liu LM, Zhu MW, Zhao Y, Wan BJ, Deng H, Yang HY, Liao JH, Zhu HY, Wen X, Liu LL, Wang M, Ma XT, Zhang MM, Liu JJ, Liu TT, Huang NN, Yuan PY, Gao YJ, Zhao J, Guo XA, Liao F, Li FY, Wang XT, Yuan RJ, Wu F
- 4917** Woven coronary artery: A case report
Wei W, Zhang Q, Gao LM
- 4922** Idiopathic multicentric Castleman disease with pulmonary and cutaneous lesions treated with tocilizumab: A case report
Han PY, Chi HH, Su YT
- 4930** Perianorectal abscesses and fistula due to ingested jujube pit in infant: Two case reports
Liu YH, Lv ZB, Liu JB, Sheng QF
- 4938** Forniceal deep brain stimulation in severe Alzheimer's disease: A case report
Lin W, Bao WQ, Ge JJ, Yang LK, Ling ZP, Xu X, Jiang JH, Zuo CT, Wang YH
- 4946** Systemic autoimmune abnormalities complicated by cytomegalovirus-induced hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis: A case report
Miao SX, Wu ZQ, Xu HG
- 4953** Nasal mucosa pyoderma vegetans associated with ulcerative colitis: A case report
Yu SX, Cheng XK, Li B, Hao JH
- 4958** Amiodarone-induced hepatotoxicity – quantitative measurement of iodine density in the liver using dual-energy computed tomography: Three case reports
Lv HJ, Zhao HW
- 4966** Multisystem involvement Langerhans cell histiocytosis in an adult: A case report
Wang BB, Ye JR, Li YL, Jin Y, Chen ZW, Li JM, Li YP
- 4975** New mutation in EPCAM for congenital tufting enteropathy: A case report
Zhou YQ, Wu GS, Kong YM, Zhang XY, Wang CL
- 4981** Catastrophic vertebral artery and subclavian artery pseudoaneurysms caused by a fishbone: A case report
Huang W, Zhang GQ, Wu JJ, Li B, Han SG, Chao M, Jin K
- 4986** Anastomosing hemangioma arising from the left renal vein: A case report
Zheng LP, Shen WA, Wang CH, Hu CD, Chen XJ, Shen YY, Wang J
- 4993** Bladder perforation caused by long-term catheterization misdiagnosed as digestive tract perforation: A case report
Wu B, Wang J, Chen XJ, Zhou ZC, Zhu MY, Shen YY, Zhong ZX

- 4999** Primary pulmonary plasmacytoma accompanied by overlap syndrome: A case report and review of the literature
Zhou Y, Wang XH, Meng SS, Wang HC, Li YX, Xu R, Lin XH
- 5007** Gastrointestinal stromal tumor metastasis at the site of a totally implantable venous access port insertion: A rare case report
Yin XN, Yin Y, Wang J, Shen CY, Chen X, Zhao Z, Cai ZL, Zhang B
- 5013** Massive gastrointestinal bleeding caused by a Dieulafoy's lesion in a duodenal diverticulum: A case report
He ZW, Zhong L, Xu H, Shi H, Wang YM, Liu XC
- 5019** Plastic bronchitis associated with *Botrytis cinerea* infection in a child: A case report
Liu YR, Ai T
- 5025** Chest, pericardium, abdomen, and thigh penetrating injury by a steel rebar: A case report
Yang XW, Wang WT
- 5030** Monocular posterior scleritis presenting as acute conjunctivitis: A case report
Li YZ, Qin XH, Lu JM, Wang YP
- 5036** Choriocarcinoma with lumbar muscle metastases: A case report
Pang L, Ma XX
- 5042** Primary chondrosarcoma of the liver: A case report
Liu ZY, Jin XM, Yan GH, Jin GY
- 5049** Successful management of a tooth with endodontic-periodontal lesion: A case report
Alshawwa H, Wang JF, Liu M, Sun SF
- 5057** Rare imaging findings of hypersensitivity pneumonitis: A case report
Wang HJ, Chen XJ, Fan LX, Qi QL, Chen QZ
- 5062** Effective administration of cranial drilling therapy in the treatment of fourth degree temporal, facial and upper limb burns at high altitude: A case report
Shen CM, Li Y, Liu Z, Qi YZ

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Monocular posterior scleritis presenting as acute conjunctivitis: A case report

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Abstract

BACKGROUND

Posterior scleritis is a rare inflammatory ocular disease, characterized by severe and painful inflammation of the sclera. It is often misdiagnosed or underdiagnosed, due to its general and varying clinical presentation profile, which primarily involves pain and visual impairment but which can include eyelid edema, choroidal folds, serous retinal detachment, disc edema, hard exudates in fovea and subretinal mass. We report here a case of posterior scleritis, with symptoms of eye pain and red eye, initially misdiagnosed as acute conjunctivitis.

CASE SUMMARY

A 56-year-old man presented to a local hospital with complaint of pain and redness in the right eye. The initial diagnosis was acute conjunctivitis and he was given antibiotic eyedrops. Upon week-long continuance of the symptoms despite treatment, he presented to our hospital. Initial examination revealed a shallow anterior chamber in the right eye and vision reduction to 0.6. Further testing by optical coherence tomography, ultrasound biomicroscopy, and fundus photography indicated diagnosis of posterior scleritis. The patient was given methylprednisolone (oral) on a tapered reduction schedule (starting with 70 mg/d). According to the peaks and troughs of symptoms, compound betamethasone injection was administered into the bulb, culminating in discontinuation of the oral corticosteroid. Subsequent optical coherence tomography showed the subretinal fluid near the optic disc to be completely absorbed after treatment.

CONCLUSION

Posterior scleritis should be among the differential diagnosis of eye pain and redness, and diagnosis requires further ophthalmic accessory examination, such

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Core Tip: We report here a rare case of posterior scleritis, which was initially misdiagnosed as acute conjunctivitis due its presentation of non-specific clinical features, specifically eye pain and redness. Ophthalmic accessory examinations, such as optical coherence tomography, ultrasound biomicroscopy and fundus photography, should be conducted in the early stage of this disease; this will facilitate making the appropriate differential diagnosis and avoid delay in treatment, which could otherwise lead to the loss of vision.

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INTRODUCTION

Posterior scleritis is an uncommon inflammatory ocular disease, characterized by severe and painful inflammation of the sclera^[1]. It accounts for only 2%-12% of all scleritis cases, mainly affecting patients between the ages of 45- to 49-years-old^[2]. While ocular pain is an important manifestation of posterior scleritis prompting seeking out of treatment, most patients also experience diminution of vision^[1]. Anterior uveitis is another common symptom in patients with posterior scleritis, with one study finding it in approximately 55% of patients^[4]. Other rarer presentations include eyelid edema, choroidal folds, serous retinal detachment, disc edema, hard exudates in fovea, and subretinal mass^[3].

Unfortunately, the general and varying clinical symptom profile described above underlies posterior scleritis being frequently misdiagnosed or underdiagnosed^[5]. It is usually misdiagnosed as intraocular inflammation, orbital inflammation, ocular tumors, central serous chorioretinopathy, or Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada disease^[6]. Sin *et al*^[7] reported a case of nodular posterior scleritis that presented as a choroidal mass in a patient with systemic lupus erythematosus in 2016. Alsharif *et al*^[8] described a 30-year-old man with a history of painless subacute loss of vision for 5 mo in his left eye and was diagnosed as atypical posterior scleritis which was mimicking the amelanotic choroidal melanoma. However, ruling out the differentials to make an accurate diagnosis is critical for subsequent treatment.

CASE PRESENTATION

Chief complaints

A 56-year-old man visited our department with complaint of right eye pain and redness that had been diagnosed at a local hospital as acute conjunctivitis 1 wk ago.

History of present illness

The patient reported a 1-wk experience of pain and redness in his right eye (but no blurred vision) that prompted him to visit a local hospital, where he was diagnosed with acute conjunctivitis of the right eye. He was sent home with antibiotic eye drops to be applied for 1 wk. When he experienced no improvement in his symptoms, he presented to our department for treatment. We also gave the initial diagnosis of acute conjunctivitis, in accordance with the obvious eye redness. Levofloxacin eye drops were prescribed (6 times/d), but after 1 wk the pain and redness did not subside and the patient began to experience a decrease in vision.

History of past illness

The patient reported no history of systemic hypertension, diabetes mellitus, coronary heart disease, stroke, smoking, or obesity.

Physical examination

The visual acuity in the right eye was found to have reduced to 0.6. The conjunctiva of the right eye was also found to be obviously congested. The patient's cornea was transparent but a shallow anterior chamber was found in the right eye. The right pupil appeared round and with normal light reflection. There was no opacity in the right lens. The intraocular pressure was within normal limits. However, ophthalmoscopy revealed retinal folds around the optic disk in the right eye. The left eye was normal overall.

Laboratory examinations

Laboratory examinations included tests for complete blood count, liver function, erythrocyte sedimentation rate, C-reactive protein, autoantibody, rheumatoid immune antibody, syphilis antibodies, human immunodeficiency virus, herpes simplex virus 1 and hepatitis B virus. All results were within normal range. Immune complexes and tuberculosis were not detected.

Imaging examinations

Fundus photography revealed retinal folds around the optic disk in the right eye (Figure 1A). B-scan ultrasonography revealed increased scleral thickening, with no 'T' sign (Figure 1B). Optical coherence tomography (OCT) showed the neuroepithelial layer to be raised and wrinkled, with fluid underneath it and above the temporal part of the optic disc (Figure 2A). Ultrasound biomicroscopy revealed edema and detachment of the ciliary body (Figure 1C).

FINAL DIAGNOSIS

Posterior scleritis.

TREATMENT

The patient was given oral methylprednisolone (70 mg/d) on a gradual reduction schedule. To hinder the common side effects of methylprednisolone (*i.e.*, electrolyte imbalance, gastric ulcer, osteoporosis), calcium tablet, potassium chloride tablet and omeprazole (20 mg/d) were prescribed. Tobramycin/dexamethasone ointment (before sleep) and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory eye drops (5 times/d) were prescribed as well. The treatment-induced relief of the redness and pain remained stable until the methylprednisolone was reduced to 30 mg/d. At that point, a compound betamethasone injection was administered into the bulb of the right eye. At 2 d later, the redness and pain became relieved again and finally the methylprednisolone was able to be reduced to zero.

OUTCOME AND FOLLOW-UP

As of the writing of this manuscript, the patient attends weekly follow-up visits and his right visual acuity has improved to normal. The retinal folds around the optic disk have been alleviated and OCT examination shows the subretinal fluid near the optic disc to be completely absorbed (Figure 2B and C).

DISCUSSION

The clinical signs of posterior scleritis may include concurrent ciliary or conjunctival congestion, anterior uveitis, retinal striae, disc swelling, serous detachment of the retina and limitation of extraocular motility^[2]. Thus, diagnosis remains a challenge, more so because of the limited diagnostic modalities available. A variety of other etiologies for the common symptom of eye redness, such as episcleritis, conjunctivitis,

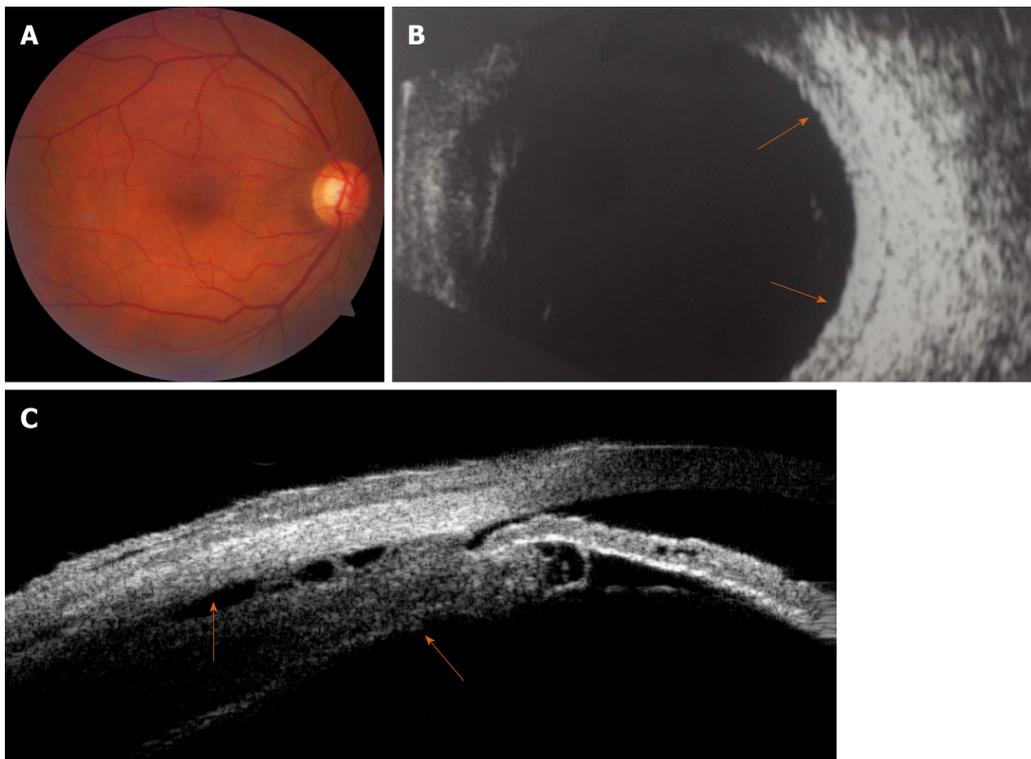


Figure 1 Color fundus imaging, B-scan ultrasonography and ultrasound biomicroscopy for the right eye before treatment. A: Fundus photography revealed retinal folds around the optic disk in the right eye; B: B-scan ultrasonography revealed increased scleral thickening (orange arrows); C: Ultrasound biomicroscopy revealed edema and detachment of the ciliary body (orange arrows).

blepharitis, anterior uveitis and keratoconjunctivitis sicca, must be considered in the differential diagnosis of scleritis^[9]. In 2016, Mallick *et al*^[10] reported on a 14-year-old male child who presented with eye redness and decreased vision, and was subsequently misdiagnosed with viral conjunctivitis. The authors described their finding of increased scleral thickening and the characteristic 'T' sign through B-scan ultrasonography in both eyes of this patient. Baltinas *et al*^[11] also reported a case of infective conjunctivitis progressing to posterior scleritis in 2019. Ugurbas *et al*^[12] in 2012 described a 29-year-old male diagnosed as posterior scleritis presenting with angle closure glaucoma and transient myopia who was suffering severe pain and vision loss in his right eye.

The patient in our case was misdiagnosed at a local hospital and incorrectly treated for acute conjunctivitis for 1 wk prior to presentation to our clinic. However, we also mistook the case for acute conjunctivitis, according to our observation of the obvious reddened right eye. It was not until the patient's symptoms persisted despite our care that we performed further investigation and discovered the shallow anterior chamber in the eye. We infer that the increased scleral thickening may lead to crowded intraocular structures, pushing the iris and lens forward and ultimately decreasing anterior chamber volume. It was our detailed and varied imaging investigations (ultrasound biomicroscopy, B-scan ultrasonography, and OCT) that allowed us to make the correct diagnosis of posterior scleritis. In 2016, Duman *et al*^[13] also described a similar case of a child with bilateral posterior scleritis, who had been misdiagnosed with conjunctivitis and uveitis 1 mo previous. Therefore, it is very important to distinguish posterior scleritis from other causes of red-eye, which can avoid delayed treatment.

Our patient was given methylprednisolone orally, on a taper-to-zero schedule. He currently attends weekly follow-up and his right visual acuity, eye pain and red-eye were improved after therapy for 2 mo. Accordingly, we advise accessory examinations, such as B-scan ultrasonography or OCT, should be conducted in the early stage of the disease to make an accurate diagnosis and institute appropriate treatment as early as possible. It is very important to make differential diagnosis in the case of eye pain and redness because of the non-specific clinical features of posterior scleritis and the threat of loss of vision.

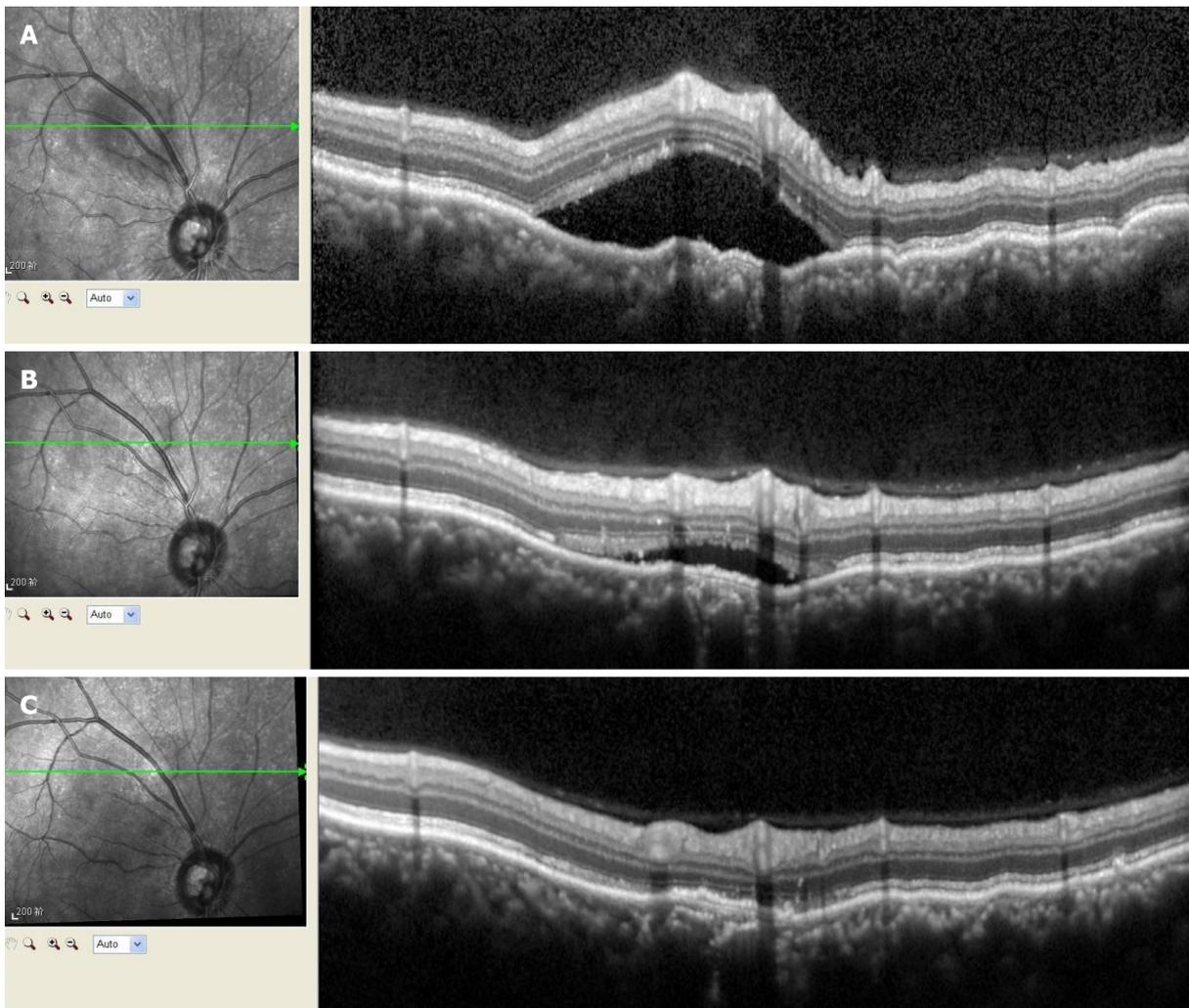


Figure 2 Optical coherence tomography for the right eye before and after treatment. A: The optical coherence tomography showed the neuroepithelial layer as raised and wrinkled, with fluid underneath it, above the temporal part of the optic disc; B: The subretinal fluid around the optic disc had been gradually absorbed during the 2-wk treatment period; C: The subretinal fluid had been completely absorbed during the complete 2-mo treatment period.

CONCLUSION

Posterior scleritis should be among the differential diagnosis of eye pain and redness, and diagnosis requires further ophthalmic accessory examination, such as by optical coherence tomography.

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