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Contents

Weekly Volume 30 Number 10 March 14, 2024

EDITORIAL

- 1261 Bridging the gap: Unveiling the crisis of physical inactivity in inflammatory bowel diseases Stafie R, Singeap AM, Rotaru A, Stanciu C, Trifan A
- 1266 Double role of depression in gastric cancer: As a causative factor and as consequence Christodoulidis G, Konstantinos-Eleftherios K, Marina-Nektaria K
- 1270 Capsule endoscopy and panendoscopy: A journey to the future of gastrointestinal endoscopy Rosa B, Cotter J
- 1280 Vonoprazan-amoxicillin dual regimen with Saccharomyces boulardii as a rescue therapy for Helicobacter pylori: Current perspectives and implications

Dirjayanto VJ, Audrey J, Simadibrata DM

- 1287 Women health and microbiota: Different aspects of well-being Nannini G, Amedei A
 - Nomograms and prognosis for superficial esophageal squamous cell carcinoma

Lin HT, Abdelbaki A, Krishna SG

REVIEW

1291

1295 Overview of the immunological mechanisms in hepatitis B virus reactivation: Implications for disease progression and management strategies

Ma H, Yan QZ, Ma JR, Li DF, Yang JL

1313 Optimizing nutrition in hepatic cirrhosis: A comprehensive assessment and care approach

Mendez-Guerrero O, Carranza-Carrasco A, Chi-Cervera LA, Torre A, Navarro-Alvarez N

1329 Optimizing prediction models for pancreatic fistula after pancreatectomy: Current status and future perspectives

Yang F, Windsor JA, Fu DL

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Retrospective Cohort Study

1346 Cumulative effects of excess high-normal alanine aminotransferase levels in relation to new-onset metabolic dysfunction-associated fatty liver disease in China

Chen JF, Wu ZQ, Liu HS, Yan S, Wang YX, Xing M, Song XQ, Ding SY

1358 Time trends and outcomes of gastrostomy placement in a Swedish national cohort over two decades

Skogar ML, Sundbom M



Contents

Weekly Volume 30 Number 10 March 14, 2024

Retrospective Study

1368 Stage at diagnosis of colorectal cancer through diagnostic route: Who should be screened?

Agatsuma N, Utsumi T, Nishikawa Y, Horimatsu T, Seta T, Yamashita Y, Tanaka Y, Inoue T, Nakanishi Y, Shimizu T, Ohno M, Fukushima A, Nakayama T, Seno H

Observational Study

1377 Differential diagnosis of Crohn's disease and intestinal tuberculosis based on ATR-FTIR spectroscopy combined with machine learning

Li YP, Lu TY, Huang FR, Zhang WM, Chen ZQ, Guang PW, Deng LY, Yang XH

Prospective Study

1393 Establishment and validation of an adherence prediction system for lifestyle interventions in non-alcoholic fatty liver disease

Zeng MH, Shi QY, Xu L, Mi YQ

Basic Study

1405 Alkaline sphingomyelinase deficiency impairs intestinal mucosal barrier integrity and reduces antioxidant capacity in dextran sulfate sodium-induced colitis

Tian Y, Li X, Wang X, Pei ST, Pan HX, Cheng YQ, Li YC, Cao WT, Petersen JDD, Zhang P

1420 Preliminary exploration of animal models of congenital choledochal cysts

Zhang SH, Zhang YB, Cai DT, Pan T, Chen K, Jin Y, Luo WJ, Huang ZW, Chen QJ, Gao ZG

Serotonin receptor 2B induces visceral hyperalgesia in rat model and patients with diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome

Li ZY, Mao YQ, Hua Q, Sun YH, Wang HY, Ye XG, Hu JX, Wang YJ, Jiang M

META-ANALYSIS

1450 Shear-wave elastography to predict hepatocellular carcinoma after hepatitis C virus eradication: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Esposto G, Santini P, Galasso L, Mignini I, Ainora ME, Gasbarrini A, Zocco MA

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

1461 Current considerations on intraductal papillary neoplasms of the bile duct and pancreatic duct

Pavlidis ET, Galanis IN, Pavlidis TE

1466 Are we ready to use new endoscopic scores for ulcerative colitis?

Quera R, Núñez F P

Contents

Weekly Volume 30 Number 10 March 14, 2024

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LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Are we ready to use new endoscopic scores for ulcerative colitis?

Rodrigo Quera, Paulina Núñez F

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Abstract

For ulcerative colitis (UC), the variability in inflammatory activity along the colon poses a challenge in management. The focus on achieving endoscopic healing in UC is evident, where the UC Endoscopic Index of Severity and Mayo Endoscopic Subscore are commonly used for evaluation. However, these indices primarily consider the most severely affected region. Liu et al recent study validates the Toronto Inflammatory Bowel Disease Global Endoscopic Reporting (TIGER) score offering a comprehensive assessment of inflammatory activity across diverse segments of the colon and rectum and a reliable index correlating strongly with UC Endoscopic Index of Severity and moderately with Mayo Endoscopic Subscore (MES). Despite recommendation, certain aspects warrant further investigation. Fecal calprotectin, an intermediate target, correlates with TIGER and should be explored. Determining TIGER scores defining endoscopic remission and response, evaluating agreement with histological activity, and assessing interendoscopist agreement for TIGER require scrutiny. Exploring the correlation between TIGER and intestinal ultrasound, akin to MES, adds value.

Key Words: Ulcerative colitis; Sigmoidoscopy; Colonoscopy; Score index

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Core Tip: For ulcerative colitis (UC), the degree of inflammatory activity can vary along the length of the colon, ranging from the rectum to the proximal colon. Currently, achieving endoscopic healing is a long-term goal in the management of UC, with the UC Endoscopic Index of Severity score and Mayo Endoscopic Subscore being the most suggested indices to evaluate this target. However, both scores only consider the most severely affected area in their final assessment. Recently, the Toronto Inflammatory Bowel Disease Global Endoscopic Reporting score has shown its usefulness in determining the extent and severity of inflammatory activity across various segments of the colon and rectum. Despite this, there is no consensus regarding the endoscopic method (total colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy) for evaluating the achievement of endoscopic healing in UC patients.

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TO THE EDITOR

Early recognition of inflammatory activity, prompt intervention, along with tight monitoring constitute the cornerstones of the treat-to-target approach in ulcerative colitis (UC)[1,2]. Recently, the Therapeutic Goals Consensus in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (STRIDE-II) has highlighted that achieving mucosa healing in the rectum and colon is the long-term goal for patients with UC (Figure 1)[2]. Total colonoscopy provides comprehensive information about the extent and severity of inflammatory activity in patients with UC. This approach enhances the precision of UC management, whether conducted via colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy[3]. With this in mind, we would like to extend our congratulations to Liu et al[4] for their article published last month in the World Journal of Gastroenterology. Their results confirm that the Toronto Inflammatory Bowel Disease Global Endoscopic Reporting (TIGER) score is a reliable and straightforward endoscopic index for UC patients to assess the overall endoscopic disease burden[4]. In a retrospective study involving 166 patients with UC, the authors demonstrated a strong correlation between the TIGER index and the UC Endoscopic Index of Severity (UCEIS) score (r = 0.721, P < 0.001) and a moderate correlation with the Mayo Endoscopic Subscore (MES) (r = 0.721, P < 0.001) and a moderate correlation with the Mayo Endoscopic Subscore (MES) (r = 0.721, P < 0.001) and a moderate correlation with the Mayo Endoscopic Subscore (MES) (r = 0.721, P < 0.001) and a moderate correlation with the Mayo Endoscopic Subscore (MES) (r = 0.721). 0.626, P < 0.001). UCEIS and MES are widely used indices in UC. Furthermore, a TIGER score ≥ 317 was identified as an independent risk factor for advanced treatment. This includes, the use of systemic corticosteroids, biologics, immunomodulators, thalidomide, and surgery. Nonetheless, there are certain aspects that warrant further investigation in subsequent studies.

To commence, fecal calprotectin is regarded as an intermediate target in UC[2]. While Liu et al[4] did not incorporate this biomarker in their research, other studies have established a correlation between fecal calprotectin levels and TIGER.

Secondly, it is important to determinate the TIGER scores that define endoscopic remission and endoscopic response. While the UCEIS score and MES 0 have been proposed as definitions for endoscopic remission, a decrease in UCEIS by ≥ 2 points or a decrease in Mayo endoscopic score by ≥ 1 grade is suggested for defining endoscopic response in UC[5].

Thirdly, exploring the agreement between the TIGER score and histological activity in UC is crucial. Previous studies have established correlations between the endoscopic scores (UCEIS score and MES) and histological indices [6,7].

Fourthly, it is essential to assess the agreement among endoscopists for the TIGER score. Studies have demonstrated adequate, though not perfect, correlation between different endoscopists when using MES or UCEIS in UC patients[8], but agreement among endoscopists for the TIGER score has not been conclusively demonstrated[9].

Finally, considering the potential of intestinal ultrasound as a tool for assessing inflammatory activity in UC patients, like MES[10], it would be valuable to explore whether there is a correlation between the TIGER score and the intestinal ultrasound index.

As previously mentioned, there is currently a lack of consensus regarding the preferred endoscopic method for evaluating the goal of endoscopic healing in UC patients. Some studies have suggested that sigmoidoscopy might be sufficient, given the highest inflammatory activity is typically observed in the distal colon[11,12]. However, this recommendation has not been universally confirmed, as some UC patients may exhibit higher inflammatory activity in the ascending colon. In such cases, total colonoscopy becomes the most appropriate endoscopic examination to assess inflammation in UC patients[13,14]. Although sigmoidoscopy is limited to evaluating inflammatory activity from the rectum to the descending colon, it is essential to recognize some benefits of this procedure. Sigmoidoscopy is safer, requires reduced preparation, has a lower cost, and takes less time to perform compared to a total colonoscopy. Moreover, some patients may find this procedure preferable.

Given the current lack of consensus and the need for confirmation through prospective multicenter studies, a personalized approach should be recommended for the evaluation of activity and severity of inflammatory activity in UC patients using the TIGER score. Total colonoscopy is likely the preferred method in scenarios where sigmoidoscopy results are inconsistent with clinical setting or biomarkers. This is particularly applicable in patients with UC and primary sclerosing cholangitis and during surveillance for the development of colorectal neoplasia.

1467

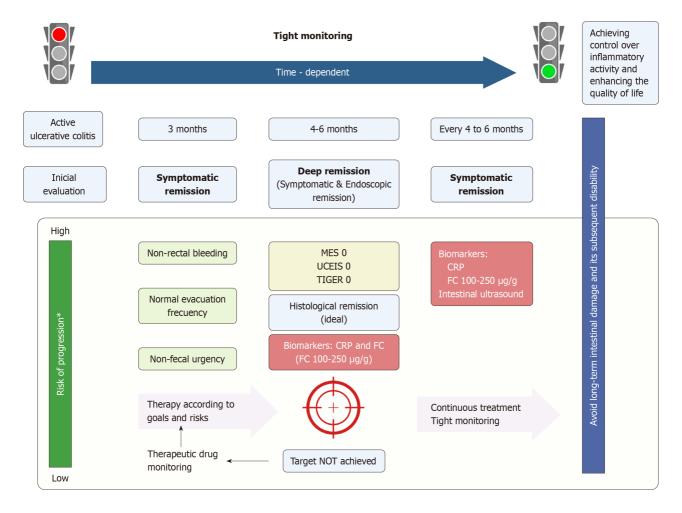


Figure 1 Treat-to-Target approach for ulcerative colitis. MES: Mayo Endoscopic Subscore; UCEIS: Ulcerative Colitis Endoscopic Index of Severity score; TIGER: Toronto Inflammatory Bowel Disease Global Endoscopic Reporting score; QoL: Quality of life; CRP: C-reactive protein; FC: Fecal calprotectin[15]. Citation: The authors have obtained the permission for figure using from the BioRender.com (Supplementary material)[16].

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