





## Pleasure Systems in the Brain - ScienceDirect

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0896627315001336

May 06, 2015 · Pleasure is mediated by well-developed mesocorticolimbic circuitry and serves adaptive functions. In affective disorders, anhedonia (lack of pleasure) or dysphoria (negative affect) can result from breakdowns of that hedonic system. Human neuroimaging studies indicate that surprisingly similar circuitry is activated by quite diverse pleasures, suggesting a common neural currency shared by all.

Cited by: 1022 Author: Kent C. Berridge, Morten L. Kringelbach

Publish Year: 2015

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https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3262308

Feb 06, 2012 · The prairie vole is monogamous, displaying prolonged pair-bonding. This pair-bonding is attributable to the evolutionary development of an oxytocinergic neural system within the brain, including a critical brain structure (the nucleus accumbens) that underlies pleasure and reward . Evolution took a slightly different turn for the closely related montane vole, a polygamous animal that does not pair bond.

Cited by: 6 Author: Gary G. Berntson, Greg J. Norman, Louis...

Publish Year: 2012

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