

Comparative Analysis of APACHE II and P-POSSUM

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT02471612

The safety and scientific validity of this study is the responsibility of the study sponsor and investigators. Listing a study does not mean it has been evaluated by the U.S. Federal Government. Read our [disclaimer](#) for details.

[Recruitment Status](#) ⓘ : Completed
[First Posted](#) ⓘ : June 15, 2015
[Results First Posted](#) ⓘ : June 27, 2016
[Last Update Posted](#) ⓘ : June 27, 2016

Sponsor:

Tata Main Hospital

Information provided by (Responsible Party):

Dr.Deb Sanjay Nag, Tata Main Hospital

[Study Details](#)
[Tabular View](#)
[Study Results](#)
[Disclaimer](#)
[How to Read a Study Record](#)

Study Type	Observational
Study Design	Observational Model: Cohort; Time Perspective: Retrospective
Condition	External Causes of Morbidity and Mortality
Enrollment	159

Participant Flow ⓘ

Go to

Recruitment Details	All who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, India who met the inclusion criteria were included in the study
Pre-assignment Details	

Arm/Group Title	All Patients Who Underwent Emergency Exploratory Laparotomy
▼ Arm/Group Description	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria were scored using the P-POSSUM Score APACHE-II
Period Title: Overall Study	
Started	159
Completed	157
Not Completed	2
<u>Reason Not Completed</u>	
Lost to Follow-up	2

Baseline Characteristics Go to 

Arm/Group Title		Emergency Laparotomy	
▼ Arm/Group Description		All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria were scored using the APACHE-2 Score & P-POSSUM Score	
Overall Number of Baseline Participants		157	
▼ Baseline Analysis Population Description		[Not Specified]	
Age, Customized ^[1] Measure Type: Number Unit of measure: Participants	Number Analyzed	157 participants	
18- 20 years		11	
21-40 years		45	
41-60 years		60	
61-80 years		38	
> 80years		3	
		^[1] Measure Description: All patients above 18 years age were included in the study	
Sex: Female, Male Measure Type: Count of Participants Unit of measure: Participants			
	Number Analyzed	157 participants	
	Female	58	36.9%
	Male	99	63.1%
Region of Enrollment Measure Type: Number Unit of measure: Participants			
India	Number Analyzed	157 participants	
		157	

Outcome Measures Go to 

1. Primary Outcome

Title	Area Under the Receiver Operating Curve (ROC) as a Measure of the Accuracy of the APACHE II and P-POSSUM Scoring Systems to Predict Mortality
▼ Description	Participants will be followed for the duration of hospital stay (expected average of 30 days) and mortality was noted. All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from 01st December 2013 to 30th November 2014 were included in the study. All patients were scored with APACHE II and P-POSSUM scoring systems on the day of surgery. Area under the curve (AUC) is used to measure the "size" of the prediction composed by the graphic display between the 'sensitivity' and the '1-specificity' relationship. AUC can range from 0.5 to 1.0 and a result of 1.0 indicates a perfect discriminatory ability. An AUC value > 0.8 is considered good, a range between 0.60-0.80 is considered as moderate, and an AUC value < 0.60 is regarded as poor. For APACHE-II, a cut off score of ≥ 24 was determined; for P-POSSUM, a cut off score of ≥ 63 was determined.
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description

All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from December 2013 to November 2014 were scored with APACHE II & P-POSSUM scoring systems on the day of surgery. The patients were followed up till at least 30 days after discharge or death (during admission or within 30 days after discharge).

Arm/Group Title	AUC Using APACHE II	AUC Using P-POSSUM
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from 01st December 2013 to 30th November 2014 were included in the study. All patients were scored with APACHE II on the day of surgery.	All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from 01st December 2013 to 30th November 2014 were included in the study. All patients were scored with P-POSSUM on the day of surgery.
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	157	157
Measure Type: Number Number (95% Confidence Interval) Unit of Measure: probability of accurate prediction		
	0.965 (0.928 to 1.000)	0.989 (0.974 to 1.000)

▼ Statistical Analysis 1

Statistical Analysis Overview	Comparison Group Selection	AUC Using APACHE II, AUC Using P-POSSUM
	Comments	Area under the curve (AUC) is used to measure the "size" of the prediction composed by the graphic display between the 'sensitivity' and the '1-specificity' relationship. AUC can range from 0.5 to 1.0 and a result of 1.0 indicates a perfect discriminatory ability. An AUC value > 0.8 is considered good, a range between 0.60-0.80 is considered as moderate, and an AUC value < 0.60 is regarded as poor.
	Type of Statistical Test	Superiority or Other
	Comments	[Not Specified]
Statistical Test of Hypothesis	P-Value	0.665
	Comments	Comparing the sensitivity of APACHE-II and P-POSSUM
	Method	McNemar
	Comments	[Not Specified]

2. Secondary Outcome

Title	Length of Stay (LOS)
▼ Description	The mean duration of hospital stay or Length of Stay was recorded
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description
[Not Specified]

Arm/Group Title	Length of Stay
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria were observed for their length of stay (LOS)
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	157
Mean (Standard Deviation) Unit of Measure: Days	
Surviving Patients	9.36 (8.04)
Patients who Died	14.91 (15.43)

3. Secondary Outcome

Title	Need for Postoperative Ventilator Support
▼ Description	Number of patients needing post-operative ventilatory support
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description
[Not Specified]

Arm/Group Title	Surviving Patients	Patients Who Died
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and survived during the study period were observed if they needed ventilatory support postoperatively	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and died during the study period were observed if they needed ventilatory support postoperatively
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	134	23
Measure Type: Number Unit of Measure: participants		
	40	23

4. Secondary Outcome

Title	Need for Post Operative Inotropic Support
▼ Description	Number of patients needing post-operative inotropic support
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description
[Not Specified]

Arm/Group Title	Surviving Patients	Patients Who Died
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and survived during the study period were monitored for the need for inotropic support during their stay..	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and died during the study period were monitored for the need for inotropic support during their stay..
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	134	23
Measure Type: Number Unit of Measure: participants		
	25	23

5. Secondary Outcome

Title	Cardiac Morbidity (AMI or Arrhythmias Needing Treatment)
▼ Description	Number of patients noted to have Cardiac morbidity: Acute myocardial infarction (AMI) or arrhythmias needing treatment
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description	[Not Specified]
-----------------------------------	-----------------

Arm/Group Title	Patients Who Survived	Patients Who Died
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and survived during the study period were monitored for Cardiac morbidity (Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) or arrhythmias needing treatment)	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and died during the study period were monitored for Cardiac morbidity (Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) or arrhythmias needing treatment)
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	134	23
Measure Type: Number Unit of Measure: participants		
	1	7

6. Secondary Outcome

Title	Number of Participants With Acute Kidney Injury (AKI)
▼ Description	Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) was diagnosed based on the Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) Acute Kidney Injury Work Group (2012) guidelines 1. Increase in Serum Creatinine (S. Cr) by ≥ 0.3 mg/dl (≥ 26.5 μ mol/l) within 48 hours; OR

2. Increase in S. Cr to ≥ 1.5 times baseline, which is known or presumed to have occurred within prior 7 days; OR
3. Urine volume < 0.5 ml/kg/h for 6 hours

Time Frame 30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description

[Not Specified]

Arm/Group Title	Patients Who Survived	Patients Who Died
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and survived during the study period were monitored for the Acute Kidney Injury	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and died during the study period were monitored for the Acute Kidney Injury
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	134	23
Measure Type: Number Unit of Measure: participants		
	14	18

7. Secondary Outcome

Title	Patients Needing Re-exploration
▼ Description	Number of patients needing return to the operation theater for surgery for the same pathology or any other complication arising out of the initial surgery
Time Frame	30 days

▼ Outcome Measure Data

▼ Analysis Population Description

[Not Specified]

Arm/Group Title	Patients Who Survived	Patients Who Died
▼ Arm/Group Description:	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and survived during the study period were observed if they needed re-exploration during the post-operative period.	All patients who underwent emergency exploratory laparotomy from December 2013 to November 2014 at the Tata Main Hospital, Jamshedpur, and met the inclusion criteria and died during the study period were observed if they needed re-exploration during the post-operative period.
Overall Number of Participants Analyzed	134	23
Measure Type: Number Unit of Measure: participants		

2

2

Adverse EventsGo to

Time Frame	The patients were followed up for the duration of admission and till at least 30 days after discharge or death (whichever was earlier).	
Adverse Event Reporting Description	[Not Specified]	
Arm/Group Title	APACHE-2 Scoring	P-POSSUM
▼ Arm/Group Description	All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from 01st December 2013 to 30th November 2014 were included in the study. All patients were scored with APACHE II on the day of surgery.	All patients undergoing emergency laparotomy at Tata Main Hospital from 01st December 2013 to 30th November 2014 were included in the study. All patients were scored with P-POSSUM on the day of surgery.
All-Cause Mortality		
	APACHE-2 Scoring	P-POSSUM
	Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)
Total	--/--	--/--
▼ Serious Adverse Events		
	APACHE-2 Scoring	P-POSSUM
	Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)
Total	0/157 (0.00%)	0/157 (0.00%)
▼ Other (Not Including Serious) Adverse Events		
Frequency Threshold for Reporting Other Adverse Events	0%	
	APACHE-2 Scoring	P-POSSUM
	Affected / at Risk (%)	Affected / at Risk (%)
Total	0/157 (0.00%)	0/157 (0.00%)

Limitations and CaveatsGo to

Observational study. So no specific adverse effect because of the study.

More InformationGo to **Certain Agreements**

All Principal Investigators ARE employed by the organization sponsoring the study.

Results Point of Contact

Name/Title: Dr. Deb Sanjay Nag
 Organization: Tata Main Hospital
 Phone: +91-7763807101
 EMail: debsanjay@gmail.com

Responsible Party: Dr. Deb Sanjay Nag, Tata Main Hospital
 ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: [NCT02471612](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/results/NCT02471612) [History of Changes](#)

Other Study ID Numbers: 201-26104-132-108296
First Submitted: June 9, 2015
First Posted: June 15, 2015
Results First Submitted: December 20, 2015
Results First Posted: June 27, 2016
Last Update Posted: June 27, 2016