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CHECKLIST OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SCIENTIFIC EDITORS OF THE BAISHIDENG PUBLISHING GROUP JOURNALS

The primary responsibilities of our scientific editors include carefully checking the entire manuscript and all accompanying materials for: (1) errors in spelling, grammar, punctuation and wording; (2) suitability of tables, figures, figure data and legends; (3) accurate and appropriate presentation of symbols ($e.g. +, -, \times, \div, \%, *$) in tables and figures; and (4) complete and comprehensive revision of the manuscript according to the reviewers' comments.

The information for your currently assigned manuscript and the checklist are below:

Name of journal: World Journal of Psychiatry

Manuscript NO.: 48172 Column: Systematic Review

Title: Dissociation and disasters: A systematic review

Authors: Fatih Canan and Carol S North **Reviewer code:** 02445242, and 02989927

First decision: 2019-06-11 03:29 Scientific Editor: Ya-Juan Ma Date of signature: 2019-07-12

Item no.	Specific items for verification	Comments
1	The fixed headings are copied.	[Y]
2	The title concisely summarizes the main topic of the study and is not too long (no more than 12 words). Words such as 'exploration', 'research', 'analysis', 'observation', and 'investigation' are avoided. The title does not start with 'The' and does not include any Arabic numbers or uncommon abbreviations.	[Y]
3	A short running title is provided (no more than 6 words).	[Y]
4	The authors' full family (sur)names and full/abbreviated first names are listed on the title page and are consistent with those listed in the signed BPG Copyright Assignment form.	[Y]



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L, Fu JF, Zou CC, Hong F and Wu XM designed the research study; Wang CL,	[Y]
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12	The Manuscript Tracking information (i.e., Received, Peer review started, First	
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	(structured vs unstructured) and word count thresholds, as follows:	
	Commentary, Frontier, Diagnostic Advances, Medical Ethics, Minireview,	
	Review, Therapeutics Advances, and Topic Highlight: Non-structured	
10	abstract that is no less than 200 words.	F2 (1
13	Field of Vision, Case Report and Letter to the Editor: Non-structured abstract	[Y]
	that is no less than 150 words.	
	Research articles: Structured abstract with subsections for AIM (no more than	
	20 words); METHODS (no less than 80 words); RESULTS (no less than 120	
	words); and CONCLUSION (no more than 26 words).	
	The 'Key words' list provides 5-10 keywords that reflect the main content of	
14	the study. The first letter of each keyword is capitalized, and each keyword is	[Y]
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15	outlines the most innovative and important arguments and core contents of	[Y]
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The 'INTRODUCTION' section clearly describes the relevant background information for the study. Only the most relevant and current (within the past 5 years) literature is cited, with the exception of rare instances of seminal literature citations. All technical terms and/or abbreviations are explained and/or defined, with the full name of abbreviations given upon first appearance in the text and the abbreviation presented in parentheses [i.e., "computed tomography (CT)"]. First-person pronouns (e.g., T, 'we') are used appropriately to clearly indicate the work performed by the author(s). When weaknesses of previous studies are described in the text to highlight the innovations related to the current study, the information is presented carefully. The 'MATERIALS AND METHODS' section clearly and accurately describes all materials and methods used to obtain the data presented in the article and is adequate for a reader to repeat the study. The 'RESULTS' section concisely describes the observational and experimental results. Representative data and data that have scientific significance are emphasized. Data is presented in either the text, a table or figure (i.e., chart, diagram, graph or image), but is not repeated among each. Information presented in the tables and figures clearly describes the trends, meaning, and inferences. Results described in textual form are accurate, concise and clear. The order and numerical labeling of tables and figures is consistent with their appearance and presentation in the text. Symbols in tables (e.g., +, -, ×, +, *) correctly correspond to the definitions in the footnotes. Only one legend is provided for each multi-panel figure consisting of color graphs, black and white graphs, or line graphs that depicts data of the same theme. For example: Figure 1 Pathological changes in atrophic gastritis tissue before and after treatment. A:; B:; C:; D:; E:; F: Split pictures include flow charts, line graphs, histograms, and graphs including text. Unsplit pi			
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amplification curves, and survival curves.	21	including text. Unsplit pictures include meta-analysis diagrams, PCR	[Y]
		amplification curves, and survival curves.	



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Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed as *P<0.05, *P<0.01 (P>0.05 usually does not need to be denoted). If there are other series of P values, *P<0.05 and *P<0.01 are used, and a third series of P values is expressed as *P<0.05 and *P<0.01. Statistical data is expressed as mean ± 5D or mean ± 5E. The *CDISCUSSION* section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results; (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, (3) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings. The *ACKNOWLEDGMENTS* section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support (i.e., providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services (i.e., useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work. The *COMMENTS* section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format. The *CEFERENCES* section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (i.e., "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed when the reference number is described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et al 12-5), please see references [8]).	-		
of P values, P<0.05 and 4P<0.01 are used, and a third series of P values is expressed as P<0.05 and 4P<0.01. Statistical data is expressed as mean ± SD or mean ± SE. The 'DISCUSSION' section (1) describes the main purpose and hypothesis of the study; (2) summarizes the most important results; (3) illustrates and explains the results (but does not simply repeat the data) and draws conclusions or inferences based on the results, (4) points out the limitations of the study and their impact on the results, as well as proposes further advice on future research topic(s) or direction(s); and (5) describes the theoretical significance and practical value of the findings. The 'ACKNOWLEDGMENTS' section expresses gratitude to any individuals or organizations for technical support (i.e., providing instrumentation, equipment or experimental materials, and/or assistance in experimental work), non-technical services (i.e., useful inspiration, suggestions, guidance, or review), and/or any other auxiliary work. The 'COMMENTS' section provides comments for original articles in accordance with the specified format. The 'REFERENCES' section lists the references in the Vancouver style. This style uses Arabic numeral in-text citations based on the order of the first appearance of a source in the text. For citations where the author's name is indicated in the text, a superscript number should be placed following the name (i.e., "Pang et al"). For citations where no author is indicated, a superscript number should be placed at the end of the sentence. Respective examples are: "Ma li reported", "Pan et al list indicated"; "PCR has a high sensitivity [69]." No superscript numbers are used when the reference number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is		Statistical symbols are accurate. Statistical significance is expressed as ${}^{a}P$ <0.05,	
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		number is described in the text; for example, "The experimental method used	
the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et al [2-5], please see reference [8]).		has been described in reference [8]." The style of reference citations in tables is	
		the same as that in the text (e.g., Pan et al [2-5], please see reference [8]).	



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	Journal references have been verified to ensure that there are no duplicate	
	references and that the PMID numbers are correct. For references not yet	
	included in PubMed: the name of Chinese journals is spelled out using	
27	Chinese Pinyin, with the first letter of each word capitalized (e.g., Shijie Huaren	[Y]
	Xiaohua Zazhi); the name of journals in other languages are listed according to	
	indexing information retrieved from Google. Book references are presented	
	with all the information relevant to the electronic version.	
20	The names of the peer reviewers and the scientific editor are present at the	
28	end of the paper (e.g., P-Reviewer: Hugot D S-Editor: Wang JL).	[Y]
	The number of cited references is appropriate for the article type, as follows:	
	Commentary: no less than 50;	
29	Review: no less than 100;	[Y]
	Article: no less than 30/26;	
	Case Report and Letter to the Editor: no less than 1.	
	The revised manuscript is provided (file name: Manuscript NoReview; e.g.,	
	870- Review).	
30	The letter of peer-reviewers' comments is provided (file name: Manuscript	[Y]
30	NoPeer-review(s); e.g., 870-Peer-review(s)).	
	The response letter is provided (file name: Manuscript NoAnswering	
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