

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 69282

Title: Superior mesenteric venous thrombosis: Endovascular management and outcomes

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05843826 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: United States

Manuscript submission date: 2021-07-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-07-19 06:59

Reviewer performed review: 2021-07-19 09:51

Review time: 2 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous



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Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This was a retrospective review of 24 patients who were diagnosed with superior mesenteric venous thrombosis (SMVT) and received endovascular therapies. The author assessed the technical and clinical outcomes as well as follow-up period afterward. SMVT is a relatively rare condition; mortality remains high due to nonspecific symptoms, delayed diagnosis, and insufficient clinician awareness. This study reported a cohort including the most cases of SMVT so far. But there are several study weaknesses. Materials and Methods Page 1 - The authors mentioned that patients were excluded if they didn't have sufficient follow-up data. Please indicate the specific follow-up period. Page 2 - Endovascular therapy was initiated after failure of systemic anticoagulation. Please explain the standards of failure of anticoagulation. Page 2 – Please quantitatively or semi-quantitatively explain the short-term technical success. Vascular recanalization during the IR procedure? Or contrast filling on CTA images after the procedure? Results Page 3 – What are the differences between "presentation" and "symptom onset"? This sentence is confusing: "The median time between presentation and intervention was 3 days (0-15 days) from symptom onset and intervention was 8 days (2-35 days)." Page 4 - How many patients survived over 5 years or 10 years? Since the medican follow-up was 23 months, how were the 5- and 10- survival rates calculated? Discussion Page 6 - The authors mentioned reperfusion injury in discussion part, then did the reperfusion injury occurred in presented cohort? Table 2 The proportion endovascular modality is confusing. How many patients received combined endovascular treatment? Please clear it. Figures Please consider adding typical interventional radiologic images that reflects the endovascular treatments referred in this manuscript.



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03826433 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: South Korea

Author's Country/Territory: United States

Manuscript submission date: 2021-07-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-07-18 22:20

Reviewer performed review: 2021-07-20 00:13

Review time: 1 Day and 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [Y] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [Y] Rejection
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Even considering that SMVT is a rare disease, 24 cases in 20 years are too few. The research value of this paper is not high because the treatment policy has developed rapidly over the past 20 years, and the current trend is to implement PV stent together. Also, the references are too old to reflect the latest trends.



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Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03714290 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Portugal

Author's Country/Territory: United States

Manuscript submission date: 2021-07-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-07-18 19:43

Reviewer performed review: 2021-07-24 13:20

Review time: 5 Days and 17 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors perform an interesting and original study concerning efficacy of endovascular therapy in the management of superior mesenteric vein thrombosis. The study is well-designed and provides some original data regarding primary and secondary patency. However some points could be reviewed: - When the authors describe laboratory abnormalities, instead of presenting median lactale level or leukocyte count, they could describe how many patients had leukocytosis or hyperlactatemia and perhaps analyze if there could be a significant statistical association between these laboratory abnormalities and the study end points, as there is actually evidence that lactic acidosis and leukocytosis can be associated with higher likelihood of requiring bowel resection (Andraska E et al, J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord. 2020 Sep;8(5):748-755) - There is no comparison between different endovascular approaches (e. g. between thrombectomy and thrombolysis). There were no statistically significant difference regarding study end points? At least a trend? If the reason is the small sample size, which is a limitation of the study, this should be stated. - There is a study involving 43 patients with acute superior mesenteric vein thrombosis demonstrating that thrombolysis integrated in a multidisciplinary step-based approach may result in favorable outcomes and lower rates of surgical intervention in these patients (Yang S, et al. Thromb Res. 2015 Jan;135(1):36-45). Perhaps it could be interesting to compare these results with your study in the Discussion. - It would be interesting to describe how the results of the study may influence clinical practice as this is not clearly stated in the manuscript. Please understand these suggestions as constructive criticisms. The authors still deserve being congratulated for a relevant and well-designed study concerning this unexplored topic.



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RE-REVIEW REPORT OF REVISED MANUSCRIPT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 69282

Title: Superior mesenteric venous thrombosis: Endovascular management and outcomes

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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03826433 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: South Korea

Author's Country/Territory: United States

Manuscript submission date: 2021-07-16

Reviewer chosen by: Jia-Ping Yan

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-09-07 22:03

Reviewer performed review: 2021-09-07 22:10

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I agree to publish this study as is.