

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 76433

Title: Local inflammatory response to gastroesophageal reflux: Association of gene expression of inflammatory cytokines with esophageal multichannel intraluminal impedance-pH data

Provenance and peer review: Invited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 06250380

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Russia

Manuscript submission date: 2022-03-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-03-17 06:07

Reviewer performed review: 2022-03-17 06:20

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority)[] Accept (General priority)[Y] Minor revision[] Major revision[] Rejection



Re-review	[] Yes [Y] No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Authors should strongly justify the necessity to conduct the described research. This part of the introduction is insufficient. Case-control, study design diagram should be given



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 02441035

Position: Associate Editor

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Italy

Author's Country/Territory: Russia

Manuscript submission date: 2022-03-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-03-20 15:34

Reviewer performed review: 2022-03-27 15:34

Review time: 6 Days and 23 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a valuable study were the Authors explored the expression of inflammatory cytokines' genes in esophageal mucosa in patients with erosive esophagitis (EE) and non-erosive (NERD) forms of gastroesophageal reflux disease and its association with the data of esophageal multichannel intraluminal pH-impedance measurements, with a control group of non-symptomatic subjects with normal endoscopy and pH-impedance results. The study has been carried out well in all respects and contains findings not previously reported in the literature. However in the Discussion the Authors should discuss more widely and deeply the impact of these results on clinical research. For example, what is the impact of different profile of local expression of cytokines genes in subgroups of patients with EE and NERD? The absence of an association of IL-10 expression with acid exposure and the fact that the mean esophageal pH values of the EE group did not differ from those of NERD group could have also another possible explanation. The weakly acidic refluxes could contain deoxycholic acid, that impairs integrity of the esophageal mucosa (Am J Physiol Gastrointest Liver Physiol. 2016;310:G487-96 and Neurogastroenterol Motil. 2020 Dec;32(12):e13919.), being arrived in the esophagus through a duodeno-gastro-esophageal reflux, which is a not uncommon event and must be taken into account in pathophysiology of esophagitis. We agree with the Authors that the relatively small number of patients is a limitation of the study which prevents further subdivision of subgroups for more in-depth analysis of correlations. I hope the sample size can be expanded in the future, possibly with bile reflux monitoring.

