

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 81584

Title: Fractional flow reserve measured via left internal mammary artery after coronary

artery bypass grafting: report of 2 cases

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05199192

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Attending Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2022-11-16

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-11-16 07:15

Reviewer performed review: 2022-11-22 16:19

Review time: 6 Days and 9 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish	
Language quality	 [] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection 	
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection 	
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No	



Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. The left internal mammary artery (IMA), with many branches along its course, is anatomically and relatively long and thin. Using IMA to measure its blood flow reserve fraction (FFA) could be greatly variable and uncertain for repeatability. If the FFR of case 1 is measured again, will it be lower than 0.8, so that balloon dilation intervention is not required? The FFR measured by IMA is based on the invasive examination of intervention. The article does not mention whether FFR measured by IMA is different from FFR measured by cardiac color Doppler, and what the advantages of FFR measured by intervention compared with FFR measured by cardiac color Doppler are. 2. Two patients with recurrent chest tightness after coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) were reported in this case. The FFA of the left IMA was directly measured based on coronary angiography to comprehensively evaluate the degree of myocardial ischemia, and the next treatment was guided by the degree of myocardial ischemia, which has certain innovation and clinical application value. However, as the focus of this case report was to guide further treatment, the evaluation of the treatment effect of the two patients was incomplete only with the obvious relief of symptoms of chest tightness and shortness of breath, and no long-term follow-up was conducted for the two patients. The article only describes the situation of the patient within one week of hospitalization, and it is not excluded that the patient of case 2 treated with drugs had chest pain again after discharge. It's not convincing to conclude that the FFR measurement via the left internal mammary artery is a good intervention decision only based on the simple description of the two cases.



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Reviewer's code: 03764245

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: India

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2022-11-16

Reviewer chosen by: Dong-Mei Wang

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-01-06 05:59

Reviewer performed review: 2023-01-06 07:02

Review time: 1 Hour

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[Y] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Paper ok to observe that IMA grafts, after CABG, (FFR measurement) is a good method to determine whether to intervene. To Improve: 1. Introduction deficient to define problem statement and its current status. 2. Case presentation doesn't identify vital details like place of work and data obtained and others like ethical issues 3. Minor grammatical revision required