

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

ESPS Manuscript NO: 6010

Title: Utility of diffusion-weighted imaging in the diagnosis of Inguinal Lymph Node Metastasis with Malign Melanoma

Reviewer code: 02731921

Science editor: Zhai, Huan-Huan

Date sent for review: 2013-09-30 14:55

Date reviewed: 2013-10-06 14:22

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I would like to thank the author for the effort invested in this paper. In my opinion, every described diagnostic case, course of disease and applied treatment method published as reference has its own scientific contribution and serves to convey knowledge and experience through written communication which remains permanently recorded. I gladly give this paper my positive review.

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

ESPS Manuscript NO: 6010

Title: Utility of diffusion-weighted imaging in the diagnosis of Inguinal Lymph Node Metastasis with Malign Melanoma

Reviewer code: 00646608

Science editor: Zhai, Huan-Huan

Date sent for review: 2013-09-30 14:55

Date reviewed: 2013-10-17 22:17

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The article as written is not particularly instructive because the article almost exclusively talks about commonly known facts about melanoma that the reader would be familiar with. Instead they need to talk about the new technology and its relevance to the case at hand. Indeed a patient with known melanoma and a palpable regional lymph node should get a CT/PET scan for staging and a lymph node biopsy. How an MRI is relevant here is hard to understand. Plus what does this technology add to what we have and where would it fit into the care of melanoma patients?

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

ESPS Manuscript NO: 6010

Title: Utility of diffusion-weighted imaging in the diagnosis of Inguinal Lymph Node Metastasis with Malign Melanoma

Reviewer code: 00646502

Science editor: Zhai, Huan-Huan

Date sent for review: 2013-09-30 14:55

Date reviewed: 2013-12-03 01:43

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The article presents a case of using diffusion-weighted imaging in the detection of melanoma lymph node metastases. The discussion should be strengthened by a more detailed analysis on the use of technique to justify a potential application. language is good but can be improved to make reading more fluently.