



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Cases

Manuscript NO: 40160

Title: A neurofibroma discharged from stool: A case report and literature review

Reviewer's code: 03536755

Reviewer's country: China

Science editor: Ze-Mao Gong

Date sent for review: 2018-06-05

Date reviewed: 2018-06-13

Review time: 8 Days

SCIENTIFIC QUALITY	LANGUAGE QUALITY	CONCLUSION	PEER-REVIEWER STATEMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	Peer-Review:
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language	(High priority)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept	<input type="checkbox"/> Onymous
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of	(General priority)	Peer-reviewer's expertise on the
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not	language polishing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision	topic of the manuscript:
publish	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision	<input type="checkbox"/> Advanced
		<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General
			<input type="checkbox"/> No expertise
			Conflicts-of-Interest:
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Major comments: This article reports a case of an isolated gastrointestinal neurofibromatosis that was discharged through the intestine with the stool. The author conclude that the special of this case is that the case is an islocated gastrointestinal neurofibroma, the patient had no other symptoms except abdominal pain before the



**Baishideng
Publishing
Group**

7901 Stoneridge Drive, Suite 501,
Pleasanton, CA 94588, USA
Telephone: +1-925-223-8242
Fax: +1-925-223-8243
E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com
https://www.wjgnet.com

tumor was discharged. The authors mentioned in the article that gastrointestinal neurofibromatosis is often a complication of neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) or multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2b (MEN 2b), but the clinical manifestations of the above two diseases have not appeared in this patient. The author describes the patient's symptoms, pathological findings, and treatment methods. This article summarizes the possible causes of the disease in the previous literature reports, common symptoms and imaging findings, and the treatment of the disease. There are some drawbacks: 1. There is a problem with the logical representation of the article title. I think it should be discharge from the intestine and not from the stool. 2. The 'isolated' in keyword section should be replaced with a noun. 3. The language needs improvement. There are several misuse in the article, such as 'without any blood' in abstract section, 'blood may' be change into 'bleeding'. 4. There is no indication in the text whether the patient had been examined in other hospital after the tumor had been discharged. 5. The surgical procedure should be described in detail. 6 The authors mentioned in the discussion that diffuse neurofibromatosis is easily confused with Crohn's disease. But the author did not mention that isolated neurofibromatosis needs to be differentiated from which diseases. 7. The discussion section should further illustrate the clinical significance of this particular case.

INITIAL REVIEW OF THE MANUSCRIPT

Google Search:

- [] The same title
- [] Duplicate publication
- [] Plagiarism
- [Y] No



Baishideng Publishing Group

7901 Stoneridge Drive, Suite 501,
Pleasanton, CA 94588, USA
Telephone: +1-925-223-8242
Fax: +1-925-223-8243
E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com
https://www.wjgnet.com

BPG Search:

- The same title
- Duplicate publication
- Plagiarism
- No