

## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Cases

**Manuscript NO:** 65158

**Title:** Esophageal manifestation in patients with scleroderma

**Reviewer's code:** 00030578

**Position:** Peer Reviewer

**Academic degree:** MD

**Professional title:** Doctor

**Reviewer's Country/Territory:** Brazil

**Author's Country/Territory:** Greece

**Manuscript submission date:** 2021-02-28

**Reviewer chosen by:** AI Technique

**Reviewer accepted review:** 2021-03-01 12:37

**Reviewer performed review:** 2021-03-05 14:15

**Review time:** 4 Days and 1 Hour

<b>Scientific quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
<b>Language quality</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
<b>Conclusion</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<b>Re-review</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<b>Peer-reviewer statements</b>	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

## **SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS**

World Journal of Gastroenterology Esophageal manifestation in patients with  
scleroderma NO: 65158

This revision do not have new  
information about the esophageal involvement by Systemic Sclerosis (SSc), however it  
has important new informations about the treatment.

There are  
minor language erros which should be corrected.

In page 8 is said:

“These non-responders to PPIs SSc patients showed on pH-monitoring higher acid  
exposure times (AETs) than controls (61% vs. 18%, respectively),”. Who were the  
controls responders to PPI SSc patients or healthy subjects?

The  
reference list need a revision. Some journals have complete name included and others  
abbreviated names.

With the corrections the manuscript is  
possible to be published. The revision is important in the itens about treatment of  
gastroesophageal reflux disese in SSc.