

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 3994

Title: The clinical characteristics and prognosis of the younger patients with colorectal cancer in Eastern China.

Reviewer code: 00503549

Science editor: Zhai, Huan-Huan

Date sent for review: 2013-06-07 11:38

Date reviewed: 2013-08-15 08:06

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Fu J-F et al. studied clinical characteristics and prognosis of the younger patients with colorectal cancers in Eastern China. Although the results are not novel and methodology was orthodox, it is worth reporting the present results. Several questions are addressed. Please define the definition of "Eastern China". The authors should amend grammatical errors and typographic errors throughout the manuscript by consulting a native editor. In Table 1, they should clearly show which subgroups were compared together for evaluating statistical difference. In Table 2, they describe as stage (I+II/III+IV), that appears the risk of I+II to III*IV. However, the oR was 2.196. Therefore, they should revise (I+II/III+IV) into (III+IV vs. I+II). Other variables (not variance) should be presented in the same way.

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 3994

Title: The clinical characteristics and prognosis of the younger patients with colorectal cancer in Eastern China.

Reviewer code: 02242399

Science editor: Zhai, Huan-Huan

Date sent for review: 2013-06-07 11:38

Date reviewed: 2013-08-15 09:45

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The manuscript entitled "The clinical characteristic and prognosis of the younger patients with colorectal cancer in Eastern China" by Fu J-F. et. al., described the detailed clinicopathologic characteristics of 1335 cases of colorectal cancer in Eastern China, and analyzed the prognostic significance of prognosis by many statistical methods. The major goal of authors is to analyze the difference between younger patients (≤ 30 year-old) and older patients (> 30 year-old). The information enclosed in this manuscript is very plentiful and clear, and the authors applied many different statistical methods to perform the analysis. However, there still some minor points need to be addressed. 1. Investigation of the relationship between age, tumor location, and survival rate in colorectal cancer has been demonstrated many years ago by other groups (British Journal of Surgery 1990, 11(6): 611-616.; and British Journal of Cancer 1999, 81(3): 463-468.). However, for a database in Eastern China, those analysis and information are still valuable. Therefore, the authors need to discuss the different between this study with other groups. 2. Most of the younger patients with colorectal cancer are highly correlated with the genetic alterations. The authors need to include this part in the discussion section. 3. Please mark what the "OR", and "CI" stand for in Table 2.