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ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 9761

Title: Infectious etiopathogenesis of Crohn's disease

Reviewer code: 00030205

Science editor: Ma, Ya-Juan

Date sent for review: 2014-02-27 10:47

Date reviewed: 2014-03-10 00:00

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a well written review. It is also clear, interesting, balanced and educational.

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 9761

Title: Infectious etiopathogenesis of Crohn's disease

Reviewer code: 00033377

Science editor: Ma, Ya-Juan

Date sent for review: 2014-02-27 10:47

Date reviewed: 2014-03-18 09:42

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a very complete review on the role infectious agents play in Crohn's disease. I would recommend shortening the length of the manuscript and enclose the following suggestions: Introduction: The second and third paragraphs that deal with the genetic role and environment can be condensed into one short paragraph as this is not the main purpose of the review. 1. Intestinal microbiota and Crohn's disease The 4th paragraph that begins "Intestinal microbiota plays..." probably can be deleted. Page #5, last 2 sentences were already discussed in page #4, third paragraph. Page 11, top paragraph mentions that antibiotics result in 66% remission. This may have been seen in some studies but certainly not the norm, may rephrase the sentence. Page 14, Pathovar definition. There is repetition of a couple sentences in this paragraph. "Indeed, the factors involved in the adhesion..." Page 17, the benefit of mesalamine in Crohn's is questionable Page 18. Fecal microbiota. May delete sentence on "The standard treatment of this infection..." and "A clinical trial reported that a duodenal infusion..." as the treatment of C diff is not the main focus.