

ESPS Peer-review Report
Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 9913

Title: Same-day colonoscopy preparation with Senna alkaloids combined with bisacodyl tablets: A pilot study

Reviewer code: 02541999

Science editor: Su-Xin Gou

Date sent for review: 2014-03-04 09:02

Date reviewed: 2014-03-19 09:17

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. If the authors want to emphasize the priority of Senna alkaloids compared to PEG and/or NaP, per-procedural data should be compared between alkaloids and PEG and/or NaP. 2. Although the authors described that "bowel preparation with Sennna alkaloids are more easily tolerated than high volume PEG solution.", there were no differences for the volume of bowel preparation between Senna alkaloids and PEG and/or NaP. 3. Table2 showed that premature withdrawal due to the insufficient bowel preparation was 9.3%. The bowel preparation with Senna alkaloids could be not sufficient, because the prevalence of premature withdrawal in the present study was much higher than that in previous study.