

## ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS Manuscript NO:** 7215

**Title:** Association of interleukin-17 genetic polymorphisms and serum levels with ulcerative colitis risk: a meta-analysis

**Reviewer code:** 02548983

**Science editor:** Zhai, Huan-Huan

**Date sent for review:** 2013-11-09 21:18

**Date reviewed:** 2013-11-20 17:53

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

**Review** This manuscript is a meta-analysis studied the association of interleukin-17 (IL-17) genetic polymorphisms and serum levels with ulcerative colitis (UC). This meta-analysis found significant association of IL-17 A/F gene polymorphisms and serum IL-17 levels with the risk of UC. This study selected appropriate methods about literature search, data extraction, and quality assessment of literature. The quality assessment of literature might be difficult because this meta-analysis evaluated the case-control study, not RCT. This study adapted the Newcastle - Ottawa Scale (NOS) criteria for quality assessment of literature. The literature adaptation of this study was assessable that 13 of 16 included studies evaluated 77 NOS score as good quality. The association of IL-17 polymorphisms and serum IL-17 levels with UC risk has no consensus. This study is first meta-analysis focused on the association of IL-17 A/F gene polymorphisms and serum IL-17 levels with the risk of UC. The authors suggested the mutations of IL-17A and IL-17F genes might influence their activation and function as important pro-inflammatory cytokines. The cytokines induced destruction of cellular matrix in colonic injury. The induction of pro-inflammatory cytokines caused development of UC. The finding of present study showed meaningful result about association of IL-17 A/F gene polymorphisms and serum IL-17 levels with the risk of UC. This finding contributes to understand mechanism of UC. However this manuscript is acceptable to publish the "World Journal of Gastroenterology", this manuscript has some small mistakes. The authors should revise the points as follows. If the revision of points will be recognized, I would like to admit the acceptance of this manuscript. Minor revision ?P2 line 18 in CONCLUSION Our findings indicates that IL-17 A/F genetic polymorphisms....→Our findings indicate that IL-17 A/F genetic polymorphisms.... ?P9



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line 22 Ohmen et al found that serum IL-17 levels of treatment-na?ve patients with UC at the onset of the disease reflects....→Ohmen et al found that serum IL-17 levels of treatment-na?ve patients with UC at the onset of the disease reflected..... ?P16 Table 1 However the author numbered the study of Yu PL [43], the manuscript of Yu PL was numbered [42] in reference. The authors should attach exact number to this literature. ?P17 Table2 In table 2, the literature of Lin QC had no number. The authors should attach exact number to this literature.

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**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

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**Title:** Association of interleukin-17 genetic polymorphisms and serum levels with ulcerative colitis risk: a meta-analysis

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CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Reviewer 1 has summarized nicely the strenghts and weaknesses of the manuscript. I have no additional comments on this paper.