

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 9666

Title: A Delayed Hypersensitivity Reaction Resulting in a Maculopapular-Type Rash Due to Treatment With Entecavir

Reviewer code: 02521807

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2014-02-25 21:31

Date reviewed: 2014-02-26 05:43

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors present a case of a delayed hypersensitivity reaction accompanied by a maculopapular rash after treatment with entecavir. Major concerns: 1. How the authors confirm the type 4b hypersensitivity to ETV? the biopsy did not reflect unequivocally such assumption. 2. The phenomena are described with poor clarity. The rash appeared after a month of the first round of ETV. But the patient continued under therapy for an additional one. What happened? The patient continued with ETV despite the rash during a month? The first appearance of rash is based on the patient reference without confirmation. Could this effect be related with hypersensitivity reaction type I, as was reported by other? I would be relevant to evaluate the plasma level of specific IgE or at least, the total IgE when the skin rash is present. Was the second round of ETV re-initiated 7 months after the first. In the description a period of two months were not mentioned (specifically the month 6 and 7) nor described what happened with the patient. 3. How the authors have discarded the chance that the second rash could be associated with Garcinia cambogia consumption? Minor concerns -define the lab procedures at least synthetically (HBV viral load, transaminases, HBV qualitative DNA) How were performed (commercial test)? -Polish the English writing -The References were deleted in the version with Track changes. -The x axis in the figure 1 should be defined with day-month-year (i.e. 15-Sept-2008). This will facilitate to follow the dynamics of the events.

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Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 9666

Title: A Delayed Hypersensitivity Reaction Resulting in a Maculopapular-Type Rash Due to Treatment With Entecavir

Reviewer code: 02458762

Science editor: Yuan Qi

Date sent for review: 2014-02-25 21:31

Date reviewed: 2014-03-02 10:43

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The HBVDNA unit should be turned to IU / ml from pg / ml