

ESPS Peer-review Report**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology**ESPS Manuscript NO:** 10145**Title:** Clinical importance of serum procalcitonin in ulcerative colitis patients**Reviewer code:** 02854680**Science editor:** Ya-Juan Ma**Date sent for review:** 2014-03-16 22:58**Date reviewed:** 2014-04-13 19:50

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a letter to the Editor regarding a recent study published in the WJG, which analyses the used of procalcitonin in acute severe colitis. The major critique of the paper by Koido et al is that insufficient means have been taken to rule out infective causes/co-occurrence in IBD patients. The authors do not suggest an alternative technique(s) to check for infection that the authors could have employed. The letter is too long, and presents basic facts such as UC being a chronic relapsing conditions and admission rates, which are likely to be known already by readers of this journal and could be omitted. The sentence "Most of these restricted studies have demonstrated that PCT has no significant associations with autoimmune disorders." does not make sense to me and should be reworded.

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 10145

Title: Clinical importance of serum procalcitonin in ulcerative colitis patients

Reviewer code: 01716622

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2014-03-16 22:58

Date reviewed: 2014-04-13 20:26

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

none

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 10145

Title: Clinical importance of serum procalcitonin in ulcerative colitis patients

Reviewer code: 00049331

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2014-03-16 22:58

Date reviewed: 2014-04-25 02:57

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Letter to the Editor has been written about clinical significance of serum procalcitonin in patients with ulcerative colitis, which was published in the WJG recently. Authors seek attention to opportunistic infection during the course of the ulcerative colitis that affects the procalcitonin levels. This letter could be accepted as it includes useful information. However it would have been better, if they had asked a question to Shigeo Koido et al. "What was the level of the procalcitonin in the remission phase?" .

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 10145

Title: Clinical importance of serum procalcitonin in ulcerative colitis patients

Reviewer code: 00050232

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2014-03-16 22:58

Date reviewed: 2014-04-28 23:26

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The Letter is relevant and addresses the contradiction presented by the use of Procalcitonin (PCT) in differentiating inflammation from infection. As the prevalence of the clostridium difficile infection increased in patients with ulcerative colitis, this infection can simulate the disease activity. Another suggestion is to compare fecal calprotectin with PCT as markers of activity, keeping in mind that the use of PCT is promising, but has some limitations, as I already said. The Letter deserves publication.