

# ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS Manuscript NO:** 10421

**Title:** Pea3 Expression Promotes the Metastatic Potential of Human Colorectal Carcinoma

**Reviewer code:** 00074724

**Science editor:** Ya-Juan Ma

**Date sent for review:** 2014-03-31 17:52

**Date reviewed:** 2014-04-17 02:28

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

# COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I am happy to support publishing this interesting article

# ESPS Peer-review Report

**Name of Journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS Manuscript NO:** 10421

**Title:** Pea3 Expression Promotes the Metastatic Potential of Human Colorectal Carcinoma

**Reviewer code:** 01560507

**Science editor:** Ya-Juan Ma

**Date sent for review:** 2014-03-31 17:52

**Date reviewed:** 2014-05-15 10:56

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

# COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this manuscript, the author investigated the biological function of Pea3 in CRC and explored some possible mechanisms of Pea3 in CRC. This has not been reported in the literature previously and warrants publication, and this study is original and has some significance in clinical. However, some points need to be clarified. 1. In this study, the aim was to investigate the function of Pea3 in CRC invasion and metastatic potential, however, the title of this research didn't express the aim completely. 2. In vivo tumour growth assay, the reason that female athymic nude mice were selected to be used in vivo study should be detailed. Generally speaking, the best way to eliminate differences is to select half female and male nude mice. 3. In vivo liver metastasis assay, the author has just mentioned that mice were euthanized at last and their livers were collected for H&E staining. However, there are so many ways of euthanasia, which has different effects on the experiment results. Therefore, which kind of methods about euthanasia in this study should be detailed. 4. In figure 3D, the reason that only HCT116 was selected to undergo tumor growth analysis should be detailed.