

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 5026

Title: Pericyst: The Outermost Layer of Hydatid Cyst

Reviewer code: 02444977

Science editor: Gou, Su-Xin

Date sent for review: 2013-08-09 11:43

Date reviewed: 2013-08-10 11:04

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	BPG Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)		<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The author purpose the new layer, pericyst, of hydatid cyst which is interesting for parasitology. However, most of citation references were from radiography results. The observation by surgery should be cited such as by Semih Halezeroglu. Resection of intrathoracic and subdiaphragmatic hydatid cysts. Multimedia Manual of Cardiothoracic Surgery / doi:10.1510/mmcts.2004.000307. This presentation shows pericyst of hydatid cyst by observation during surgery. Additional suggestion should also advise for further confirmation on this hypothesize. For example, the expression of osteopontin in the pericystic layer of hepatic hydatid cyst. And also cite "Li JH, Peng XY, Zhou ZY, Wu XW, Zhang SJ, Niu JH, Sun H. [Expression of osteopontin in the pericystic layer of hepatic hydatid cyst]. Zhongguo Ji Sheng Chong Xue Yu Ji Sheng Chong Bing Za Zhi. 2006 Jun;24(3):171-4." Some minor mistake such as "In summery" change to "In summary"

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 5026

Title: Pericyst: The Outermost Layer of Hydatid Cyst

Reviewer code: 00504882

Science editor: Gou, Su-Xin

Date sent for review: 2013-08-09 11:43

Date reviewed: 2013-08-28 01:02

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this report authors have commented on pericyst as the outer post layer of Hydatid cyst. Hydatid disease is a parasitic infection caused by a tapeworm and pericyst is the enclosing wall of the fibrous tissue around the outer layer of hydatid cyst. Authors have appropriately stated that hydatid cyst contain three layers consisting of inner, outer and pericyst layer. It would be beneficial to the readers if hydatid cyst and pericyst are defined upfront in the beginning before describing their structures. There are some typo error and also the volume number of reference 4 is 19 (instead of 21).

ESPS Peer-review Report

Name of Journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS Manuscript NO: 5026

Title: Pericyst: The Outermost Layer of Hydatid Cyst

Reviewer code: 00070915

Science editor: Gou, Su-Xin

Date sent for review: 2013-08-09 11:43

Date reviewed: 2013-08-29 16:46

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A (Excellent)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority Publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B (Very good)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C (Good)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: a great deal of	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade D (Fair)	language polishing	BPG Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E (Poor)	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existed	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This letter to the Editor describes the macroscopic and microscopic features of the pericyst, the band of tissue which surrounds the hydatid cyst and which results from the chronic interaction between the host and the parasite. However, this report cannot stand by itself without first providing a thorough description of the parasitic cyst itself as well as the clinical implications of the pericyst layer. A more appropriate approach would be to include this report in a more extensive review dealing with the anatomical, diagnostic and clinical features of the parasitic cyst. Minor errors: summery, asses.