

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 18326

Title: Nutritional care in hospitalized patients with chronic liver disease

Reviewer's code: 00070662

Reviewer's country: China

Science editor: Jing Yu

Date sent for review: 2015-04-18 16:02

Date reviewed: 2015-04-21 16:52

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this study, they retrospectively studied the nutrition status of patients with chronic liver diseases by using subjective global assessment and evaluated the effect of nutrition status on disease outcome. They found that: (i) formal dietetic assessment and intervention are not routine for hospitalized patients with liver cirrhosis and up to 43% of patients were not assessed (ii) daily caloric and protein intake in these patients was sub-optimal, even in patients who had normal SGA, (iii) only one third of patients who were identified to have malnutrition and poor caloric intake were actively given nutritional supplement, (iv) less than 10% of the identified malnourished patients had outpatient follow-up and, most importantly, (v) the presence of "malnutrition" was associated with higher mortality. From the study results we know that we should pay more attention on the nutritional assessment and management of hospitalized patients with cirrhosis. The study is interesting and useful.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

ESPS manuscript NO: 18326

Title: Nutritional care in hospitalized patients with chronic liver disease

Reviewer's code: 02445121

Reviewer's country: China

Science editor: Jing Yu

Date sent for review: 2015-04-18 16:02

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CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This study evaluated the practice of nutritional assessment and management of hospitalised patients with cirrhosis and the impact of malnutrition on their clinical outcome. The author found that malnutrition was common in hospitalised patients with cirrhosis and is associated with higher mortality. However, the formal nutritional assessment was inadequate currently. This highlights the need for meticulous nutritional evaluation and management in these patients. This is a well conducted and well written study. The experiments are described in detail, the results are shown nicely and the figures are impressive.