

## ESPS PEER REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 14164

**Title:** A Case Report: Perforation of small intestine Caused by Schistosoma japonicum

**Reviewer code:** 02730494

**Science editor:** Su-Xin Gou

**Date sent for review:** 2014-09-23 21:25

**Date reviewed:** 2014-10-15 19:01

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Manuscript title: A Case Report: Perforation of small intestine Caused by Schistosoma japonicum. The manuscript reminds us of widespread parasitic disease that at least 230 million people worldwide are infected with Schistosoma spp. Schistosoma japonicum is endemic in Asia. The risk of infection is still very high. One of the risk factors is extended river basins by Sanxia Daba. Schistosoma japonicum is a primary cause of intestinal schistosomiasis. Trapped eggs induce a distinct immune-mediated granulomatous response. The affected intestinal wall results in perforation. Schistosomiasis (initially named bilharzia) was first described in 1851 by Theodor Bilharz. Surprise, chronic gastric ulcer in the lesser curvature complicated by perforation was indentified in Jiangling ancients corpse, this manuscript is the first case of small intestinal perforation. The manuscript should be published after corrections of minor language mistakes, for example: japomicus is used two times, inappropriate spaces between words.

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**ESPS manuscript NO:** 14164

**Title:** A Case Report: Perforation of small intestine Caused by Schistosoma japonicum

**Reviewer code:** 00067969

**Science editor:** Su-Xin Gou

**Date sent for review:** 2014-09-23 21:25

**Date reviewed:** 2014-10-24 19:06

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Major revision

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

There are syntax errors and inaccurate technical terms. It needs further modification. The abstract is in accord with the case in the text. The points should be stand out and language should be concise. It needs to be simplified. The important auxiliary examinations are not provided, such as abdominal CT, pathological reports, abdominal plain film, abdominal ultrasound etc.