

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 27652

**Title:** Differential patterns of pre-S deletions and their association with hepatitis B virus genotypes

**Reviewer's code:** 01800523

**Reviewer's country:** Japan

**Science editor:** Ze-Mao Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-06-14 18:56

**Date reviewed:** 2016-06-26 19:31

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

None

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 27652

**Title:** Differential patterns of pre-S deletions and their association with hepatitis B virus genotypes

**Reviewer's code:** 00227403

**Reviewer's country:** Italy

**Science editor:** Ze-Mao Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-06-14 18:56

**Date reviewed:** 2016-06-27 17:45

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

-Why only 86 out of 126 HBV carriers who harbored the pre-S deletion mutants were examined according to genotype? -In the section Patients and methods when you start with a sample change the number in letters (see, for example 55, 218) -In the included cohort, has the author excluded the others standard causes of liver disease? This should be reported. -Has the author a pattern of HDV profile on this cohort? -In the section discussion "etc" should be avoided. -In the section discussion when the author discussed the association between HBV genotype prevalence and the patterns of pre-S deletion associated with progressive liver diseases (as HCC), it should be highlighted that this is another piece in a field of investigations that involves other aspects as mutations in X region, mutations in BCP region and in pre-core region (Lee et al. World J Gastroenterol 2016;22:5393-9), MicroRNA (MiRNA) (Petrini et al. Panminerva Medica 2015; 57:201-9).

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 27652

**Title:** Differential patterns of pre-S deletions and their association with hepatitis B virus genotypes

**Reviewer's code:** 02992674

**Reviewer's country:** India

**Science editor:** Ze-Mao Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-06-14 18:56

**Date reviewed:** 2016-06-28 16:10

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

It has been reported by several groups that pre S deletions and mutations are associated more with the progression of liver diseases to HCC than asymptomatic carrier (Chen CH, 2007, Dake Zhang, 2012; Lin CL, 2007;Chao Wang, 2015;) The rate of preS deletion is higher in HBV genotype C than genotype B. Here the authors have looked into the association of preS1, PreS2 and surface mutants with the progression of liver diseases and effect of HBV genotype B and C. This is a repeat study in HBV infected Taiwanese people. Study has been conducted with enough number of patients with different disease stages and a group of new mutations has been reported. There is no explanation of using 43 patients in each of the genotype B and C group though they have more than 60 patients in respective groups. In Table 1: total number of patients in progressive disease stages is 92 while collectively four stages show 96 in wild type preS mutant. There are few typing mistakes.

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Gastroenterology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 27652

**Title:** Differential patterns of pre-S deletions and their association with hepatitis B virus genotypes

**Reviewer's code:** 00506552

**Reviewer's country:** South Korea

**Science editor:** Ze-Mao Gong

**Date sent for review:** 2016-06-14 18:56

**Date reviewed:** 2016-06-28 18:27

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
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		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Author of this manuscript described the differential patterns of pre-S deletions in association with hepatitis B virus genotypes. It is very useful information to predict the prognosis and clinical outcomes. It would be better to compare/describe the pre-S/S mutations including pre-S deletions, too. In Table 1, author calculated the p value as whole the progressive liver diseases between WT pre-S vs pre-S deletion. I suggest that the individual p values by CH, LC, NC-HCC, and LC-HCC between WT pre-S vs pre-S deletion. Same thing is applied to Table 2, too. The individual p values by CH, LC, NC-HCC, and LC-HCC between HBV genotype B vs HBV genotype C.