



ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

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Title: Clinical Nutrition in the Hepatogastroenterology training curriculum

Reviewer’s code: 00502743

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Science editor: Jing Yu

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CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Dear Author, This work clearly explains the role of nutrition and its impact in diverse medical specialties as current requirements regarding international boards. Its purpose is to express the growing need to upgrade the knowledge about nutrition and metabolic derangements. The structure of training educational programs was scheduled to reach an advanced level of skill, knowledge and expertise necessarily to acquire a quality performance standard in a pre defined number of procedures under qualified supervision. The lack of professional awareness during nutritional support and drug interaction was correctly issued as their key role in nutritional – related problems and resolutions. In my opinion, the comparison between nutrition-training programs could be condensed or diagrammed in charts where the different goals could be easily compared and understood. In the same way, percentage of quoted trials about collateral problems and diverse data could be referred in corresponding pictures. Although the work is properly structured and follows methodological rules was WJCCM to be published; I would suggest condensing information in order to improve comparison and comprehension of the presented data. Regards, Reviewer