

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite 160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA **Telephone:** +1-925-399-1568 **E-mail:** bpgoffice@wjgnet.com https://www.wjgnet.com

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 73521

Title: Saccharomyces cerevisiae CNCM I-3856 in IBS with predominant constipation: a

randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05329903 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: France

Manuscript submission date: 2021-12-22

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-12-22 16:34

Reviewer performed review: 2021-12-23 23:08

Review time: 1 Day and 6 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No



Baishideng **Publishing**

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Peer-reviewer

Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

statements

Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. Overall, an interesting article on a RCT of a probiotic (well described) S. cerevisiae CNCM I-3856 for IBS. This trial focuses on one subtype of IBS (IBS-C) only, which the prior 3 RCT of I-3856 enrolled mixed types of IBS and only one reported IBS-C subgroup efficacy. This RCT also looked at quality of life and other outcomes of IBS. Hypotheses confirmed. 2. Quality and importance. This study used a specific strain of probiotic that is well studied and has good mechanism studies. However, two revisions needed regarding their conclusions. Authors used ITT analysis, but the % of responders are not correct. They reported %Responders in probiotic (n=101, 45.1%) and placebo (n=74, 33.9%) with p=0.017, fisher's test (which is not appropriate, should use Chi). No denominators for these calculations were given in the text. If ITT denominators are used (Fig 1), these results differ: % responders in probiotic (n=101/230, 43.9%) and placebo (n=74/226, 33.2%, with p=0.02 from chi squared). The primary outcome (AUC for pain score) is reported as "A more important but nonsignificant difference in AUC for..." How can this result be MORE important, when it is NOT significant (p=0.10). Authors should revise this as a non-significant difference finding. The data shows the change in abdominal pain scores do NOT significantly differ for the probiotic vs placebo. However, there is still a significant finding for their other outcome measure (% responders). Another significant finding was the improvement in overall quality of life score (Fig 4), but it would be helpful to provide the raw data in the sentence in the text, not just giving a p-value and showing it in a Figure. Provide overall means in text please. Safety data. This is an important outcome of any RCT and you need to provide the actual number of patients developing at least one AE by group in the text, not just a p value. It



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would be helpful to also provide a table with the description of the types of AEs that developed in Supplementary data. Delete Figure 5. Not informative. Also, please remove findings from your headings. Give the results in the text, not in the subheadings! Consider revising your title (last word should be trial not study). In INtroduction section (paragraph 3), you cite four references when describing 3 RCTs done for I-3856 & IBS. Remove #21 as Cayzeele-Deh. is a meta-analysis and NOT a RCT. You will need to renumber your references. Why did you not include the RCT by Al Helo 2019? Otherwise, good figures and tables.



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Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 01488602 **Position:** Editorial Board

Academic degree: AGAF, MD, PhD

Professional title: Full Professor, Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Romania

Author's Country/Territory: France

Manuscript submission date: 2021-12-22

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-12-26 09:01

Reviewer performed review: 2021-12-26 09:11

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No



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Peer-reviewer	

Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No statements

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a correct study on the effect of supplementation with S cerevisiae vs placebo in IBS-C. Methodology is correct. However this ms. is not able to solve the problem of IBS-C pain, as control group is on placebo and not on other probiotics; we cannot exclude the possibility that subjects in trial may use including functional food



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RE-REVIEW REPORT OF REVISED MANUSCRIPT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

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Title: Saccharomyces cerevisiae CNCM I-3856 in IBS with predominant constipation: a

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Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05329903 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: France

Manuscript submission date: 2021-12-22

Reviewer chosen by: Han Zhang (Online Science Editor)

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-03-01 02:02

Reviewer performed review: 2022-03-01 20:43

Review time: 18 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[Y] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [] Anonymous [Y] Onymous



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Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Thank y9u for revising your manuscript. There are still a few outstanding issues. 1. In section 3.4 on Quality of Life (and throughout text). Please define the risk measure (not just giving the p value and CI), because the readers need to know of this is SMD, OR, etc. 2. Please provide the QoL score FOR EACH GROUP by week 8 in the text and not just in Figure. Probiotic QoL score by week 8 (\sim 78 +/- std dev) vs placebo (\sim 76 =/- std dev) with p=0.047. 3. For safety data, your numbers in two table not match. For example, Supple Table 3 provides "any AE" for probiotic (109/230, 47%) vs. placebo (87/226, 38.5%), but from Table 2 adding AE (mild to severe) gives us a total of 138/230, 60%) for probiotic and 108/226, 47.8% in placebo. These two totals should match, but they do not. Explain or correct. 4. In Table 2 the first two rows are not clear "...relationship not excluded..." What does this mean? please add clarification to Methods (section 2.7) and in Table 2 footnote. Otherwise, ok.