

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastroenterology

Manuscript NO: 72100

Title: Postoperative mortality and morbidity after D2 lymphadenectomy for gastric cancer: A retrospective cohort study

Provenance and peer review: Invited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05465713

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Attending Doctor, Doctor, Surgeon, Surgical Oncologist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2021-10-04

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-10-04 15:54

Reviewer performed review: 2021-10-06 01:39

Review time: 1 Day and 9 Hours

Scientific quality	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[Y] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No



Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors evaluated the impact of stage on morbidity and mortality of gastric cancer patients and concluded that mortality and morbidity rate were higher in N+ and advanced gastric cancer patients and the removal of more than 35 lymph nodes does not lead to an increase in mortality. This study could provide some useful suggestions for future clinical practice. As known to us, D2 lymphadenectomy is recommended in most East Asian countries such as China, Southern Korean and Japan, in your opinion, should D2 lymphadenectomy be routinely performed among gastric cancer patients and does the range of lymphadenectomy actually affect survival of gastric cancer patients ? And as a suggestion, it is best to evaluate the impacts of the range of lymphadenectomy on survival of gastric cancer patients.



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Title: Postoperative mortality and morbidity after D2 lymphadenectomy for gastric

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Provenance and peer review: Invited manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 06045450

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Surgical Oncologist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Iran

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2021-10-04

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-10-05 21:38

Reviewer performed review: 2021-10-11 10:16

Review time: 5 Days and 12 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
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SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Personally, I do not recommend prophylactic cholecystectomy during cancer surgery due to its increased operative time and it's non-functional for the patient. Other than that, the article is good and practical. Good work.