

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: *World Journal of Gastroenterology*

Manuscript NO: 90702

Title: Red cell distribution width/platelet ratio estimates the 3-year risk of decompensation in Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Steatotic Liver Disease-induced cirrhosis

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03896270

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD, MSc, PhD

Professional title: Attending Doctor, Research Assistant Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2023-12-11

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-12-11 23:47

Reviewer performed review: 2023-12-12 02:15

Review time: 2 Hours

Scientific quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: No novelty

Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: No creativity or innovation
Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Good <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing <input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept (High priority) <input type="checkbox"/> Accept (General priority) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision <input type="checkbox"/> Major revision <input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
Re-review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anonymous <input type="checkbox"/> Onymous
	Conflicts-of-Interest: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this study, the authors attempted to screen out clinical laboratory indicators that could predict Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Steatotic Liver Disease (MASLD). They included a number of such patients and healthy controls and counted several common clinical measures. It was found that the red blood cell distribution width-to-platelet ratio (RPR) might be a predictor of hepatic fibrosis in Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Steatotic Liver Disease (MASLD). This is an interesting topic and has good potential clinical value. However, the following information needs to be further clarified and supplemented by the author. The medical records of enrolled patients were incomplete, such as information on medications received before the laboratory indicator test needed to be supplemented. Is there a difference in diagnostic efficiency between male and female patients with RPR? Since MASLD is a chronic disease that progresses gradually, is the change of RPR related to the course of the disease? The above information is



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recommended to be supplemented in the table and discussed where necessary. In addition, the number of enrolled patients and controls was relatively small, so it is recommended to increase the number of enrolled patients as much as possible.