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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastrointestinal Surgery

Manuscript NO: 89688

Title: Impact of different anastomosis methods on post-recurrence after intestinal

resection for Crohn's disease: A meta-analysis

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 07916651 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: PhD

Professional title: Research Associate, Researcher

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Greece

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-12-22

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-12-28 10:47

Reviewer performed review: 2024-01-07 02:08

Review time: 9 Days and 15 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [<mark>Y</mark>] Grade C: Fair
conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The abstract presents a well-organized and informative summary of the study comparing Kono-S and traditional anastomosis in Crohn's disease surgery. The background succinctly introduces Crohn's disease and the relevance of anastomosis techniques, providing context for the study. The objectives are clearly outlined, focusing on the impact of Kono-S anastomosis on postoperative outcomes. The methods section is robust, detailing the databases searched, inclusion criteria, and the search strategy. Notably, the inclusion of the PICOS scheme enhances the clarity of the study design. The results section effectively communicates key findings, such as the reduction in hospitalization time and recurrence rates with Kono-S anastomosis. The conclusion appropriately summarizes the study's outcomes, emphasizing the potential benefits of Kono-S anastomosis while acknowledging the need for further research. While the manuscript is well-organized, a slight enhancement in the clarity of each section's purpose, including the background, methods, results, and conclusion, would improve overall coherence. To enhance the study's practical relevance, explicitly emphasizing the clinical implications in the conclusion would be beneficial.



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Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

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Reviewer's code: 07916582 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: PhD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: United States

Author's Country/Territory: China

Manuscript submission date: 2023-12-22

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-12-26 09:39

Reviewer performed review: 2024-01-08 23:52

Review time: 13 Days and 14 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y] Yes [] No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This meta-analysis delves into the comparison between Kono-S and traditional anastomosis in patients with Crohn's disease post-intestinal resection. The background provides a clear rationale for the study, emphasizing the clinical importance of optimal anastomosis methods. The objectives are explicitly stated, guiding the reader on the study's focus. The methods section is detailed, ensuring transparency and reproducibility. The utilization of search strategies for different databases and adherence to PRISMA guidelines enhance the study's methodological rigor. The results section succinctly communicates the key findings, such as the reduction in hospitalization time and recurrence rates associated with Kono-S anastomosis. The conclusion aptly aligns with the study's outcomes, emphasizing the potential clinical implications of Kono-S anastomosis while maintaining a cautious tone regarding the need for further validation. Overall, this meta-analysis serves as an effective standalone representation of the study, providing valuable insights into the comparative impact of anastomosis techniques in Crohn's disease surgery. Minor comments: 1. The manuscript requires a minor editing. Some minor language polishing should be corrected. 2. Please update the references list.



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3. The figures and tables should be improved.