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## PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Stem Cells

Manuscript NO: 66471

Title: Current evidence on potential of adipose derived stem cells to enhance bone

regeneration and future projection

Reviewer's code: 05685371 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Assistant Professor, Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

**Author's Country/Territory:** United States

Manuscript submission date: 2021-03-28

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-04-07 07:15

Reviewer performed review: 2021-04-09 08:25

**Review time:** 2 Days and 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[ ] Grade A: Priority publishing [ Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ Y] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[ ]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [ Y] No



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## SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript focuses on current evidence on potential of adipose derived stem cells to enhance bone regeneration. This paper presents that the safety of ADSCs is reasonably established since they have been tested in 79 clinical trials including 580 patients total and there have been no serious adverse events reported. However, the clinical trials as well as the pre-clinical studies investigating potential of ADSCs in enhancing bone regeneration have given confounding outcomes. Then it summaries the preclinical studies involving bone regeneration induced by transplantation of ADSCs and presents the effect of FGF, VEGF, PDGF BMP, genetically manipulation, engineered scaffolds, manipulation of recipient host, allogeneic transplantation, scaffold types during osteogenic differentiation of ADSCs. At last, it presents the specific markers (CD146, AlphaV, CD200, PDPN, CD164, CXCR4 and PDGFRα) could be used for selection of sub-populations of adipose derived stem cells showing superior bone forming ability. Comment: 1.I have read your article "Current evidence on potential of adipose derived stem cells to enhance bone regeneration and future projection" and found that the subject matter is unique and worthy of conversation. This material may be of interest if you can improve on it. 2.In the paragraph of background, you should pay more attention to the ADSCs and the readers could get access to the core of this article quickly. 3. Typing and context errors may still remain in some paragraphs, such as "ASDSCs".