

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Stem Cells

ESPS manuscript NO: 25693

Title: Epithelial plasticity in urothelial carcinoma: Current advancements and future challenges

Reviewer's code: 02494444

Reviewer's country: Australia

Science editor: Shui Qiu

Date sent for review: 2016-03-22 14:51

Date reviewed: 2016-03-22 15:25

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Well written and up-to-date review on urothelial tumor stem cells. The author might include the connexins (Comberg et al., WJUR, 2016).

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Stem Cells

ESPS manuscript NO: 25693

Title: Epithelial plasticity in urothelial carcinoma: Current advancements and future challenges

Reviewer's code: 00468214

Reviewer's country: Italy

Science editor: Shui Qiu

Date sent for review: 2016-03-22 14:51

Date reviewed: 2016-03-26 19:20

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The topic treated in this paper is interesting and actual, as stem cancer cells transformation in aggressive cancer cells pathways is one of the most challenging topic in the era of targeted anti-cancer drugs. Concerning the keywords, they should be words, not sentences (e.g. bladder urothelial carcinoma, stem cells); moreover they should be written in an alphabetic order. The text is well written, and offers a quite clear view of the potential clinical benefits which derive from the development of anti-cancer drugs aiming to reduce the epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition capability of cancer stem cells and the resistance to chemotherapeutic agents; these concepts provide hopeful future prospectives to discover new target therapeutic drugs which attempt to reduce the migratory and invasive properties of cancer cells.