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# PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Gastrointestinal Endoscopy

Manuscript NO: 81939

Title: Stenting as a bridge to surgery in obstructing colon cancer: Long-term recurrence

pattern and competing risk of mortality

Provenance and peer review: Unsolicited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05260676 Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: FASGE, PhD

**Professional title:** Surgeon

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

**Author's Country/Territory:** Singapore

Manuscript submission date: 2022-11-29

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-12-04 12:37

**Reviewer performed review: 2022-12-04** 13:08

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[ ] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[ Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [ ] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ ] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [ ] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No



# Baishideng Publishing

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Peer-reviewer	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [ ] Onymous
statements	Conflicts-of-Interest: [ ] Yes [Y] No

## SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This retrospective study has some clinical implications. This study evaluated the recurrence patterns, survival outcomes, and colorectal cancer (CRC)-specific death in patients undergoing SBTS for OCC, and found that the peritoneum was the most common metastatic site among patients undergoing SBTS. Why not do a controlled study with emergency surgery, which is more instructive for the clinical choice of surgeons. If so, it is a great study.



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Reviewer's code: 06395588
Position: Peer Reviewer
Academic degree: PhD

**Professional title:** Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Singapore

Manuscript submission date: 2022-11-29

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2022-11-29 15:50

Reviewer performed review: 2022-12-08 17:10

Review time: 9 Days and 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[ Y] Grade A: Excellent [ ] Grade B: Very good [ ] Grade C: Good [ ] Grade D: Fair [ ] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[ Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [ ] Grade B: Minor language polishing [ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [ ] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[ Y] Accept (High priority) [ ] Accept (General priority) [ ] Minor revision [ ] Major revision [ ] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes [ ]No



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## SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscript retrospectively analyzed the data of the past 10 years, and the results showed that patients with colon cancer intestinal obstruction treated with stents were prone to recurrence and metastasis, and had a poor survival prognosis. The data is complete and the discussion is reasonable. This study has a positive guiding role in the comprehensive diagnosis and treatment of colon cancer patients with intestinal obstruction. In Figure 1, the text is too small to see clearly.