

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Hepatology

Manuscript NO: 64886

Title: Autoimmune hepatitis in genetic syndromes: A literature review

Reviewer's code: 02569794

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Associate Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Thailand

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2021-02-24

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-04-15 08:44

Reviewer performed review: 2021-04-15 10:01

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [] Anonymous [Y] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This manuscritp is highly significant in that a better knowledge about specific genetic syndromes related to AIH is important in the clinical management of patients in the near future. The manuscript also draws attention from researchers/physician scientists in the field of hepatology and autoimmunology to investigate the AIH and its related clinical manifestation as well as the clinical comorbid and being or not associated with genetic syndrome. All would lead to an early diagnosis and proper management as stated in the manuscript. Immune response is also a probable factor particularly T cells (Cardon et al., 2021 CURRENT OPINION IN GASTROENTEROLOGY). Please consider to add commentary with information on the immune response in terms of T cells (pathogenic T cells, regulatory T cells, and their cytokines) as to cover more about the understanding on autoimmunity commonly found in AIH. This would help also to fulful the aim of the manuscript for the proper management of AIH and future research, all of which is related to the etiology of autoimmunity in general.



PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Hepatology

Manuscript NO: 64886

Title: Autoimmune hepatitis in genetic syndromes: A literature review

Reviewer's code: 00503405

Position: Editorial Board

Academic degree: MD, PhD

Professional title: Senior Lecturer, Senior Scientist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Hungary

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2021-02-24

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-04-15 04:36

Reviewer performed review: 2021-04-18 19:52

Review time: 3 Days and 15 Hours

Scientific quality	[Y] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[Y] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No



SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In the systematic review of Capra et al. the authors aimed to summarize current knowledge between genetic syndromes and occurence of autoimmune hepatitides (AIHs) using the Pubmed scientific search engine for finding relevant reports published in the last decade. The systematic review is well designed, well written, and well presented. The authors not just list the genetic syndromes, but established a meaningful classificatory system for genetic syndrome-associated AIHs. They also provide an explanation (where possible) for the occurence of AIH in the given genetic disorder. The authors point out that in the case of genetic diseases, it is also necessary to monitor the occurrence of AIHs so that treatment can be started as soon as possible in the presence of otherwise high-mortality liver diseases. I suggest to accept this excellent review for publication in WJH.