

PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Hepatology

Manuscript NO: 86620

Title: Peri-operative score for elderly patients with resectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05771243

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2023-07-28

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-07-31 06:32

Reviewer performed review: 2023-08-14 02:18

Review time: 13 Days and 19 Hours

[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Good
[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
 [] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. The authors collected data of 11 hepato-biliary centers during a 10-years period. A multicentric, retrospective study was performed in the HCC resection patients aged 70 years or older. The topic is interesting, but the writing is poor. 2. The analysis found that ASA score, high rate of comorbidities, MELD score and size of biggest lesion had independent correlations with increased 90- and 180-day mortality 3. Preoperative clinical index in Methods and Materials and Results should be indicated in addition to diagnosis criteria and detection methods which should be unified in different centers 4. There are spelling errors in the manuscript and Tables 1 to 3, "Up to7 criteria'24 after", "more usefull in the context of liver transplantation", "Sizeofbiggestle~m", "There were 30d after liver several predictive of mortality resection for HCC11,12,13,14,15....Conversely Lee et al in a nationwide cohort study recognized the PALBI score had an higher sensitivity and specificity than MELD or ALBI score16." 5. All abbreviations are not marked in full name in the manuscript and Tables, ALAT? OH? Major HTC? CHILD A? B? C? OH? I did not find the Figures legend. 6. The analyses were conducted using STATA software. It seemed not sufficient to draw the conclusion.



It should better to try the R software.



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Title: Peri-operative score for elderly patients with resectable hepatocellular carcinoma

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05322119

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: FACS, MD

Professional title: Surgical Oncologist

Reviewer's Country/Territory: Peru

Author's Country/Territory: Italy

Manuscript submission date: 2023-07-28

Reviewer chosen by: Geng-Long Liu (Quit 2023)

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-08-30 22:29

Reviewer performed review: 2023-09-06 01:30

Review time: 6 Days and 3 Hours

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Good [] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [] Anonymous [Y] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [Y] Yes [] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Thank you for the opportunity to review this manuscript. The paper is about a proporsal for a risk score based on perioperative risk factors associated with 90 and 180-day mortality in elderly patients with HCC who were elegible for liver resection. This multi-center study provides an insight in a fragile and specific population where surgeons should pay special attention to past medical history, size of the largest HCC and the use of MELD score. Kindly find my comments below: 1. Major revision: Although not an strict criteria to select the number of variables to include in a given model, 4 risk factors were finally included in the logistic regression model and 20 events occurred. I suggest the authors should explain how overfitting influences their study. - The paper states that ASA and comorbidity >2 are risk factors for mortality. However, ASA inherently is a measure of the overall health status of the patient where comorbidity(ies) can be compensated or not. I recommend to check for multicollinearity. Can the authors clarify how they approached this potential overlap in their analysis? - In Figure 2. The curves show significant AUC for the risk groups, however the p-value is pooled. I suggest to present results pairwise. - In the Study design section, size of



lesion, was it measured using CT scan/ MRI or pathology report? I would consider explaining in detail the source of the data. Minor revision: - In the Introduction section: "Liver resection represented the mainstay treatment in resectable HCC". Liver resection, ablation and liver transplant are still the mainstay treatments for HCC according to current guidelines and specific case scenarios. - In the Discussion section: " 'Up to 7 criteria'after, more usefull...". The correct spelling would be useful. - Table 2. the variable Sizeofbiggestle~m should say "Size of largest lesion (mm, cm)" - In Table 3. Score point system: Comorbidity>2 Values (Sí) it should say (Yes). Some questions for the authors: - Would you suggest to other therapeutic approaches like I want to commend the authors for their important contribution to the HPB field. With this paper I consider many answers raised on whether operate an elderly patient can tolerate surgery and approach to a near-zero mortality can be achieved. Thank you again for the opportunity to review this paper.