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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Cardiology

Manuscript NO: 73160

Title: Glucose Lowering Does not Necessarily Reduce Cardiovascular Risk in Type 2

Diabetes

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 03208246 Position: Peer Reviewer Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Doctor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Greece

Manuscript submission date: 2021-11-11

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-11-16 08:19

Reviewer performed review: 2021-11-16 09:34

Review time: 1 Hour

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [Y] Grade B: Very good [] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing [] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [Y] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[Y]Yes []No



Baishideng **Publishing**

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Peer-reviewer

Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous

statements Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This paper is very interesting on illustrating the relationships between DM medicine and cardiovascular events, and raising some questions. that is meaningful. Nevertheless, there seems to be a mistake in this sentence in page 7 "Glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists (GLP1-RA) are oral hypoglycemic drugs which mimic the endogenous hormone and bind to its receptor. "



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Reviewer's code: 02459759 Position: Associate Editor Academic degree: MD

Professional title: Professor

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Greece

Manuscript submission date: 2021-11-11

Reviewer chosen by: AI Technique

Reviewer accepted review: 2021-11-15 00:36

Reviewer performed review: 2021-11-19 12:59

Review time: 4 Days and 12 Hours

Scientific quality	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C: Good [] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	[] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [Y] Minor revision [] Major revision [] Rejection
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statements Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

1. The authors put forward new point about the potential correlation between atrial flutter and DPP-4 inhibitors administration, it is an interesting finding, which can provide a new direction for the study about the DPP-4 inhibitors founction on the cardiovascular system. 2. But as we all know, Atrial flutter is an unstable state, therefore, we suggste authors add some discussions about other types of atrial arrhythmia (atrial premature beats, atrial fibrillation ang so on). 3. In the second paragraph of the main text, authors quoted reference[4], but we dosen't found the matched results described here (DPP-4 inhibitors was associated with an increased risk of atrial flutter equal to 52% (RR = 1.52, 95%CI: 1.03-2.24, I2 = 0%).) in original study.