

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Oncology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 23088

**Title:** Awareness about early cancer lump is painless could decrease breast cancer mortality in developing countries

**Reviewer's code:** 02915318

**Reviewer's country:** Iran

**Science editor:** Shui Qiu

**Date sent for review:** 2015-10-21 09:26

**Date reviewed:** 2015-12-20 01:51

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This article is neatly written and is of high value for publication and this study might be very interesting and important for the readers. The manuscript is interesting and innovative. The findings in this study are interesting. I think that this manuscript can be accepted

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Oncology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 23088

**Title:** Awareness about early cancer lump is painless could decrease breast cancer mortality in developing countries

**Reviewer's code:** 00724492

**Reviewer's country:** Turkey

**Science editor:** Shui Qiu

**Date sent for review:** 2015-10-21 09:26

**Date reviewed:** 2016-01-14 19:52

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a letter to editor making some interesting point. This letter to editor has adequate priority for publication in the ESPS. Best regards....

## ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

**Name of journal:** World Journal of Clinical Oncology

**ESPS manuscript NO:** 23088

**Title:** Awareness about early cancer lump is painless could decrease breast cancer mortality in developing countries

**Reviewer's code:** 00289387

**Reviewer's country:** United States

**Science editor:** Shui Qiu

**Date sent for review:** 2015-10-21 09:26

**Date reviewed:** 2016-01-20 09:25

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

## COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The author points out awareness that the early development of cancer lump in breast is painless and that it should be significantly taken into account in the early detection in the low and middle-income countries, because the early diagnosis is ignored due to the absence of symptom, frequently leading to the later stages of cancer difficult to be treated. In these countries, it is emerging that up to 98% of women were unaware that a painless lump could be the first warning sign of a breast cancer. Therefore, this current concise letter may have a notable impact in the improvement of the early diagnosis of breast cancer among these populations. In general, the letter is well written, indicating a new strategy for the awareness. Except the methods exploited to effectively detect cancers as indicated in the Figure 1, it may also emphasize educational importance for the detection, which includes media reports such as news reports, TV news, a pamphlet etc, not limited to the typical classroom input, because, in these countries, there is significant lack of knowledge of how to detect painless cancer at the early time via annual screening and self-detection. The abbreviation of ECLIPs should be only shown in the first place, not repeated in the following description.